#### Jordan urges world pressure on Israel

UNITED NATIONS (Petra) - Jordan's permanent representative to the United Nations, Mr. Abdullah Salah, urged the international community on Tuesday to even pressure on Israel to make the Jewish state listen to the unanimous international agreement on the need for achieving a just and durable peace in the Middle East. In a speech he delivered to a General Assembly session devoted to discussing the Palestine problem. Mr. Salah pointed out that Jordan had worked with the Arab countries to enforce the principles of a just and permanent settlement of the Palestine problem in accordance with U.N. resolutions. He said the Nov. 8-11 extraordinary Arab summit held in Amman reflected the unanimous Arab stand on the need for convening an international peace conference on the Arab-Israeli conflict. Mr. Salali said there was also regional and international support for the convening of such a conference to be attended by the five permanent U.N. Security Council members, and all parties to the conflict, "Israel, and a major superpower are diverting from this international unanimity," Mr. Salah said.

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Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 rivals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Highness Crown Prince Hassan (Petra photo)

out a strategy which caters for the

interests of both parties and also

promotes stability in oil markets.

from the Crown Prince's speech:

which determines the present, and

certainly influences future econo-

mic tiends and the underlying

issue of political stability in this

ground for a balanced mutual

interest between the Arab expor-

ters of oil and the OECD con-

sumers, whereby consumers will

be assured a continuous flow of

oil, where prices are stable and

quantities predictable in the long

term. The oil producers will have

secure and stable revenues for

their development programmes and the much-sought after com-modity of the transfer of tech-

(Continued on page 4)

Can we explore the common

troubled region.

Following are major excerpts

Oil is the overriding factor

#### King sends good wishes to UAE

AMMAN (Petra) - His Majesty King Hussein on Tuesday sent a cable to Sheikh Zayed 1bn Sultan Al Nahayan, president of the United Arab Emirates, congratulating him on his country's national day. In his cable, King Hussein wisbed Sheikh Zayed continued good health and happiness and the people of the UAE further progress and prosperity. The King also expressed bope the brotherly ties linking both countries be further enhanced and strengthened.

#### Iraqi Martyrs' Day marked

AMMAN (Petra) — Iraqi Ambassador to Jordan Gbafel Jassem Hussein on Tuesday praised bonest and dedicated stand of His Majesty King Hussein, the Jordanian government and people in support of Iraq in the Iran-Iraq war. Addressing a special gathering held at the Iraqi embassy premises to mark Iraqi Martyrs' Day, Mr. Hussein said the killing by Iran of Iraqi prisoners of war was an atrocious crime which bad moved the feelings of the humanity as a wbole.

#### Decree approves Al Wahdah accord

AMMAN (Petra) - A Royal Decree has been issued endorsing the ratification of the Jordanian-Syrian agreement to build the Al Wahdah Dam across the Yarmouk River. Another Royal Decree approved a request by the
Duleil Municipal Council to
name a Duleil street after His
Royal Highness Prince Abdullah

#### Hungarian official to visit Jordan

AMMAN (Petra) - The secretary general of the Hungarian Foreign Ministry arrives here on Mon-day on a three-day official visit to Jordan. During the visit he will hold talks with Jordanian officials on bilateral relations and cooperation.

#### Salt prices fixed

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Industry, Trade and Supply Rajai Muasber on Tuesday issued a defence order fixing the wbolesale and retail price of table salt. Under the order, pure table salt packed in plastic bags weighing one kilogramme will be sold at 150 file, while pure salt packed in plastic containers weighing 700 grammes will be sold at 160 fils. Refined pure salt packed in plastic bags and weighing one kilogramme will be 'sold at 150 fils. Salt used by bakers will be sold at 30 fils.

#### Meeting opens on refugee services

AMMAN (J.T.) — The directors of social development services employed by the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UN-RWA) opened a meeting here Tuesday to discuss a programme for social development for the Palestinian refugees living in Arab countries and in the Israelioccupied lands of Palestine. The delegates representing UNRWA fields of operation in Syria, Jordan, Lebanon and the occupied territories reviewed working papers submitted from different regions.

#### **EC** welcomes results of Amman summit

NEW YORK (Petra) - The European Community (EC) on Tuesday welcomed the outcome of the Amman extraordinary Arab summit and supported, in particular, the meeting's resolution supporting the convening of an international conference on peace in the Middle East. In a speech delivered on behalf of the EC to the United Nations General Assembly, Denmark's permanent representative at the U.N. said His Majesty King Hussein exerted important efforts during the summit, which resulted in a unanimous Arab stand on major issues facing the Arab World.

# Cheysson warns Israel not to block direct exports from W. Bank

EC-Israel ties at stake, commissioner says EC to release \$110m trade facilities to Jordan

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — A senior European Community (EC) official sternly warned Israel on Tuesday that it risks a major crisis in relations with the EC if it refuses to allow Palestinians in the occupied territories export their produce independently to the 12-member com-

Claude Cheysson, EC commis-sioner for Mediterranean policy and North-South relations, also announced that the EC's third financial protocol with Jordan covering the period 1987-1990 would provide nearly \$110 million in trade facilities to be spent on developing industrial and trade projects in the Kingdom. On the EC-Israel row over

they (Israelis) refuse what we demand... then their relations with the community will be at the breaking point."
The EC seems determined not

to ratify an agreement cutting tariffs on key Israeli exports unless Israel allowed Palestinian growers to market their produce independently in the European market. That could be a blow to West Bank exports, Mr. Cheys-son told a press conference: "If who export heavily to Europe,

according to economic experts. Mr. Cheysson said the EC was highly impressed with the way Jordan had used previous financial facilities offered by the com-munity to Jordan. "Our financial means are used very well and hence a new set of \$110 million will now become available," he

He said the EC was keen to have more projects for the West Bank co-financed with Jordan or financed through Jordanian chan-The majority of financial contributions from European countries for development pro-jects in the West Bank and Gaza Strip have been channelled

Mr. Cheysson explained the EC had begun direct funding of West Bank projects only after a line of credit it made available to

(Continued on page 4)

# Suicide pair in Bahrain linked to missing KAL jet

Boeing 707 with 115 aboard could have been blown up in mid-air, official says

area of the Thai-Burmese border,

was speaking as Thai search par-

ties spotted possible traces of a

crash on the Burmese side of the

area are fighting the Burmese government for autonomy, which

Thai security sources said might

hamper recovery operations.

That police officers reported a

large stretch of levelled trees on a

mountainside along the rugged

Thai-Burmese border. Lee called

the sighting "inconclusive" but

said Wednesday's search efforts

would be concentrated in the

The plane was flying from Abu Dhabi to Seoul Sunday with a

refuelling stop in Bangkok, but

same area.

Ethnic Karen guerrillas in the

i neaviiv-iorested

BANGKOK (Agencies) - A team of KAL officials to the organisation of Koreans living in South Korean official said on Tuesday a Korean airliner missing since Sunday had probably been blown up by a time bomb and that a couple who left the flight in Abu Dhabi may have been responsible.

The couple took suicide capsules during interrogation in Bahrain and one of them, a 69year-old man, died as a result. His 27-year-old female companion is in serious condition.

Lee Seong-Eon, spokesman for the South Korean embassy said in a telephone interview: "It seems it must have been a time bomb, but we don't have a specific

He said the couple with Japanese passports who took suicide pills after leaving the plane, had been sitting in rows seven and eight in the Korean Airlines (KAL) Boeing 707 which was carrying 115 passengers when it disappeared over the Andaman

would have had a good opportunity to put a bomb in a front toilet." he said.

He speculated that if a bomb planted there had been powerful enough it could have killed the pilot, but stressed this was just one of several theories.

JACKSONVILLE, Florida (AP)

- President Ronald Reagan said

Tuesday he was determined that

next week's summit with Soviet

leader Mikhail Gorbachev and an

arms-reduction treaty not allow a

Mr. Reagan, in a speech to

high school seniors, also said he

would ask Mr. Gorbachev to set a

firm date for Soviet troops to

leave Afghanistan and to end

military aid to countries in Africa

there was a warming in U.S.-

Soviet affairs that we called 'de-

tente," "the president said. "But,

while talking friendship, the

Soviets worked even faster on the

largest military buildup in world

history. ... This time we're after

The president, who has been

"More than a decade ago,

Soviet military buildup.

and Central America.

true peace.

Sea. "From those forward seats they

never arrived in Thailand. The man died and the woman was in critical condition but was expected to live, said Japan's acting ambassador in Bahrain,

Takao Natsume. Both their passports were discovered to be fake, Japan's Chief Cabinet Secret-

ary Keizo Obuchi said the Japanese government was investigating the case. In Seoul, the state-run broadcasting service said investigators were investigat-Mr. Lee, who accompanied a Chosoren, a pro-North Korea organisation. Reagan assumes tough posture over

possible outcome of Dec. 7 summit

trying to quiet conservative critic-

ism of a pact with the Soviets on

intermediate-range nuclear forces

(INF) to be signed during the summit, said Tuesday that nego-

tiators would continue to work on

another treaty to cut in half the

But he said he would press Mr.

Gorbachev on human-rights

issues as well as on the Soviet

presence in Afghanistan and else-

"I will tell Mr. Gorbachev it is

certain for withdrawal... and to

allow the people of Afghanistan

to determine their own destiny."

the president said. "I will also say

it's time for them to leave Cam-

bodia, Ethiopia, Angola and

As be left the White House for

the flight to Florida, Mr. Reagan a system.

long-range nuclear weapons.

The pair, both of whom were unidentified, swallowed poison pills concealed in a pack of cigarettes while under guard and awaiting interrogation by immigration officials at Bahrain airport, according to Japanese officials and Bahraini security

They had arrived in Bahrain on Sunday, after flying from Bagh-dad to Abu Dhabi aboard the plane. The two were about to board a flight for Rome on Tuesday morning when they were stopped at the airport by police acting on a tip from Japanese authorities that the woman's passport was a fake.

'The poison was very strong,' said Ambassador Natsume. "Just after swallowing the pills they both fell on the floor and their bodies went very stiff."

He said the man died about I p.m. (1000 GMT) in a hospital. The woman remained in "critical" condition, but "she will survive," Mr. Natsume said in a telephone interview with AP.

While some details of the incident remained sketchy, local sources in Bahrain said investigators were looking into possible ties between the unidentified pair ing the woman's possible ties to and the Japanese Red Army

nodded when asked if he had

watched Mr. Gorbachev, who

appeared Monday night in an interview on the NBC television

Arriving in Jacksonville, Mr.

Reagan was asked what he

thought of Mr. Gorbachev in the

interview and replied: "I have

had a respect for him ever since I

In his interview, Mr. Gor-

bachev said he was prepared to

see the U.S. "Star Wars" Prog-

conducted within the limits of the

Anti-Ballistic Missile (ABM)

Treaty between the superpowers.

ledged that the Soviet Union was

involved in basic research similar

to the strategic defence initiative

(SDI), but would not deploy such

Mr. Gorbachev also acknow-

met him.

time for the Soviets to set a date ramme proceed provided it is

#### Prince Hassan said endeavours areas where European-Arab had to be made for the developcooperation could be best dement of economic cooperation monstrated: food security and the within the Arab region and be-tween the Arabs and Europe, transfer of technology. He said that Euro-Arab underincluding European Community standing should be demonstrated (EC) nations and others. through the understanding by one party of the interests and the needs of the other and urged the The Crown Prince expressed

hope that such cooperation would

Highness Crown Prince Hassan said Tuesday that oil had been

and would continue to be the

main element for economic de-

velopment and political stability.

Oil will continue to serve as a

means for improving the living conditions of the Arab World and

for promoting economic progress

in oil-consumer countries, Prince

Hassan said in an opening

address to a seminar on prospects

for oil and future development in

The seminar is organised by the

Ministry of Energy and Mineral

Resources in cooperation with

Arab and foreign institutions.

the Arab World.

His Majesty King Hussein on Tuesday confers with

European Community Commissioner Claude

in clash at Sinai fence CAIRO (Agencies) — An Israeli soldier was wounded in a shooting incident on the Israeli-Egyptian border in the northern Sinai

Israeli soldier wounded

on Monday night, Egyptian sources said. They said the trouble began when a man cut a wire fence on the border at Rafah, a jointlyadministered town adjoining the Israeli-occupied Gaza Strip, crossed into the Israeli-held sector

and threw a grenade. One Israeli border guard was wounded in a brief exchange of fire between Israeli soldiers and unidentified gunmen, the sources told Reuters.

A spokesman for the Egyptian presidency said there was no truth in initial reports of shooting between Egyptian and Israeli

It was believed to be the first incident on the border at Rafah since Israel and Egypt signed a peace treaty in 1979.

Foreign Minister Esmat Adbul Meguid, speaking to the interna-nional television news agency Visnews, described the incident as minor. "We should not exaggerate it," he said. Asked what impact it would

Crown Prince underlines need to absorb

long-term oil outlook into Euro-Arab ties

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal be demonstrated in the planned Europeans and the Arabs to work

dialogue between the EC and the

Gulf Cooperation Council

Prince Hassan said the trans-

portation of oil by pipelines

across the Arabian Peninsula to

the Red Sea had increased the importance of the Red Sea's

strategy and increased the geog-

raphical significance of Jordan.

which lies in a central position

and play a significant role streng-

thening the bridges of coopera-

tion between Europe on the one

hand and Asian countries on the

Prince Hassan suggested two

Referring to Arab oil exports,

have on relations between the two countries, he said: "Why should it have any effect? It could happen at any time. It won't have any effect."

The Israeli army said the incident occurred shortly after midnight, when an Israeli army patrol discovered a hole in the border fence north of Rafah.

The assailants threw two hand grenades and fired light weapons from Egyptian territory at the soldiers checking the torn fence, a brief army announcement said

in Tel Aviv. The army said troops later disc-overed footsteps belonging to two people who approached the fence from Egyptian territory and then retraced their steps.

"The border fence was cut. They apparently were trying to infiltrate when the patrol approached." said an army spokeswoman.

#### Iragis concentrating on pipeline through S. Arabia KUWAIT (Agencies) — Iraq's

oil export capacity will go up to three million barrels a day with the completion of the second stage of a pipeline through Saudi Arabia, Iraqi Oil Minister Issam Abdul Rahim was quoted as saving on Tuesday.
"Our attention is now focused

on completing the second stage of our pipeline through Saudi Arabia," the Kuwaiti newspaper Al Qabas quoted Mr. Abdul Rahim as saying in an interview. When completed in the mid-

dle of 1989, the capacity of the pipeline being built through Saudi Arabia will reach 1.65 million barrels a day." he said. "This will raise Iraq's export

capacity to three million barrels a day, the same export level it enjoyed on the eve of the war with Iran," the Iraqi minister

Mr. Abdul Rahim also denied that contacts were underway with Syrian authorities to reoperate an Iraqi pipeline running through Syrian territory to the Mediterra-

"There is no form of contacts

with Syria for re-opening the pipeline," Al Qabas quoted the minister as saying.

Syria blocked the pipeline in 1982 halting Iraqi oil exports to the Mediterranean via Syrian territory. The capacity of that line was 800,000 barrels a day. Relations between Iraq and Syria were strained in 1979, but

the rift further widened a year later after the outbreak of the Iran-Iraq war. Iraq now exports an average of 1.5 million barrels of oil per day via a pipeline that runs through Turkey. The current capacity of

the pipeline via Saudi Arabia is

estimated at 500,000 barrels per Iraq and Syria began a reconciliation process after the Nov. 8-11 summit meeting in Amman. The reconciliation drive had

prompted speculation the two countries might seek to reactivate the pipeline. Mr. Abdul Rahim was in

Kuwait to attend the bi-annual meeting of the Organisation of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC).

#### Rifai thanks His Majesty for honour and renews pledge of loyalty

Minister Zaid Rifai on Tuesday sent a message to His Majesty King Hussein voicing deep appre-ciation and gratitude for the honour His Majesty bestowed on him by awarding him the Al Nahda Medal of the Most Distinguished

Order earlier this week. "I present my deepest respect and gratitude for this great honour and I feel greatly indebted to Your Majesty for this noble gesture and great honour," Mr. Rifai said in his message to the King.

Mr. Rifai said he was following in the footsteps of the King and abiding by his directives for the sake of serving highest national interests and that he would remain faithful to the trust given to him and seek to fulfil His Majesty's wishes and directives,

Mr. Rifai said that the extraordinary Arab summit, which was held in Amman last month, demonstrated the Arab leaders' deep trust in and respect for the King and a recognition of His Majesty's great endeavours for serving his nation.

The prime minister said he prayed to God to bless the King's efforts and to enable him to achieve the national aspirations.

Mr. Rifai said he would always remain loyal to the Hashemite throne and faithful to the confi-dence entrusted to him.

## Peres: U.S. stand should not affect peace efforts

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — The Israeli foreign minister. Shimon in a position to take a leading role Peres, said Tuesday that Arab-Israeli peace efforts must be renewed "whether Washington is excited about it or not.

In an interview with Israel army radio, Mr. Peres indirectly criticised Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir for not taking the initiative to spur a dialogue with the

"I am asking the real question: What do you want — a paralysis, or to renew peace efforts whether Washington is excited about it or not. Washington has other affairs, too, and it is not its fate that is being decided," Mr. Peres

The Reagan administration has been cool towards a process that would involve the Soviet Union and has been tied up with the Gulf war and domestic affairs in the United States.

This preoccupation plus the U.S. presidential campaign has led many observers to suggest

in pushing peace efforts.

Mr. Peres and Mr. Shamir, leaders of rival political blocs in Israel's coalition government, are at odds over peacemaking strategy, especially the need for an international peace confer-

Mr. Peres suggested Israel could take action on its own and end the stalemate.

We reached a situation of paralysis, and the question is whether it's good or bad? I want to ask whether two years without peace efforts are good or bad for Israel?" Mr. Peres said.

"We have to decide: a policy of paralysis, freezing, of not wanting anything, or a policy of constant search, initiative?"

He argued that continued stalemate could restart a Middle East arms race and focus international enticism on Israel for refusing to talk peace.

(Continued on page 4)

## France to repay part of contested loan to Iran

PARIS (Agencies) - France signalled on Tuesday it was willing to repay Iran pan of a contested loan to put the stormy relations between the two countries on a new footing after the end of the "embassies" war" between Paris and Tehran.

A Foreign Ministry spokesman said negotiations had resumed recently on repaying the rest of a \$1-billion loan granted by the late Shah of Iran in 1974. He repeated government de-

nials that France was paying any kind of ransom to obtain the release of French hostages held by pro-Iranian groups in Lebanon, and said relations between France and Iran had entered a new phase.

"A new step towards a final solution of the dispute cannot be excluded. This would involve the payment of a new installment and could be accomplished rapidly." he said.

The loan has been a major source of friction since the 1979 revolution that toppled the Shah's regime. France last November repaid a first install-

#### Chirac: No formal ties with Iran until all hostages are released

PARIS (R) - French Prime Minister Jacques Chirac said on Tuesday relations with Iran would not return to normal until all French hostages held in Lebanon were freed.

Mr. Chirac, speaking at an official banquet, said the normalisation of relations between France and Iran "cannot be complete until the last hostage held in Lebanon by terrorist groups, on which Iran can exert its influence, is freed."

ment of \$330 million.

The Washington Post reported that France had agreed to pay a second installment of \$330 million in Vienna this week as part of a deal involving the release of two French hostages last week the lifting of a police bloc Iran's Paris embassy

# Papers seized in Sweden point to Yugoslav role in Iran arms trade

STOCKHOLM (R) — Documents seized by Swedish customs police from the office of an international arms dealer say Yugoslavia played a key role in the alleged smuggling of hundreds of millions of dollars worth of explosives to Iran.

Customs officers seized several thousand documents in raids hetween 1984 and 1986 on the offices of Karl-Erik Schmitz, head of Scandinavian Commodity, a company in Malmo, southern Sweden. About 1.000 pages have been made available to Reu-

Arms trade experts in Sweden believe Mr. Schmitz smuggled explosives worth \$600 million to Iran. "Yugoslavia was a vital clearing house for those deliverone senior customs official

According to a transcript of a police interrogation. Mr. Schmitz has acknowledged supplying Iran with explosives but said it was done legally. He is awaiting trial on smuggling charges and faces up to six years in prison if con-

He is alleged to have worked closely with Nobel Kemi, the explosives-making subsidiary of Sweden's largest weapons company. Bofors, whose former

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — De-

fence Minister Yitzhak Rabin

savs 10,000 Palestinian comman-

dos are active in Lebanon, five

years after an Israeli army inva-

sion tried to drive them away.

non...did not wipe out" the re-

sistance organisations, the resist-

ance activity and the resistance

"potential in Lebanon." Rabin

said in a radio broadcast on

entered Israel from Lebanon in a

motorised hang glider last week

killed six Israeli soldiers before

Israel invaded Lebanon in June

1982, vowing to halt Palestinian

attacks against northern Israeli

It set up a border "security

zone" inside Lehanon when it

withdrew the bulk of its forces in

1985. The zone is patrolled by

about 1,000 Israelis and 2,000

pro-Israeli Lebanese militiamen.

more commandos acting against

Israel and the security zone than before June 1982, if I combine

the 10.000 Palestinian comman-

dos in Lebanon with the

Lebanese militias — Shi'ites of

Hizhollah and Amal - "that act

against the security zone." Rahin

said in a speech on Monday night

to members of his Labour Party

in the northern Israeli city of

A Lehanese militiamen was kil-

Today in Lehanon there are

A Palestinian commando who

Tuesday.

being shot dead.

"Three years of war in Leha-

Marketing Director Mats Lundberg is also awaiting trial on smuggling counts.

According to the documents. Mr. Schmitz bought the explosives from companies in Sweden, Finland, West Germany, France, Belgium and The Netberlands, as well as Israel and South Africa, to supply his client - the Iranian National Defence Industries Organisation in Tehran.

To evade regulations in those countries banning weapons exports to Iran, Mr. Schmitz drew up contracts with third countries, the documents said.

The documents said the most commonly used was Yugoslavia, which had received a commission on each deal. Yugoslavia has no law banning arms sales to Iran. One example of how the system worked is provided by a contract, dated Nov. 30, 1984, under which Mr. Schmitz undertook to sell Iran 100 metric tonnes

of hall powder WC 846. The price was \$8.06 million. Six days later, Nobel Kemi

militia post in the security zone

On Monday. Rahin rejected

right-wing demands to step up

attacks against commandos in

Lehanon in the aftermath of a

During a parliamentary dehate

about last week's raid, right-wing

legislators accused the govern-

ment of a passive policy against commandos and demanded more

Israeli strikes on guerrilla bases.

wonder drug and anybody who

imagines we can get rid of the problem in one decisive blow is deluding himself," Rabin said.

Israel has bombed commando

Rabin said the commandos

who flew the two gliders were

memhers of the Syrian-backed

Popular Front for the Liberation

of Palestine-General Command

In response to a question about

Syrian involvement in the raid,

Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir

told reporters: "I don't think

there is any importance to decid-

ing if there is direct responsibility

"It's clear now from all the

statements of the Syrian author-

ities that Syria identifies itself

with all these activities, and 1

commandos fired mortars at a of the peace agreement it has issued by the military command. lence.

or not direct responsibility.

bases in Lebanon 23 times this

"They (the strikes) are not a

hang-glider raid.

on Tuesday, military sources

Rabin: 10,000 active against Israel in Lebanon

signed a contract with the Federal sailed to Cape Town, docking on Directorate of Supply and Procurement in Belgrade to supply an identical quantity of the same powder, this time for \$6.25 million. The Yugoslavs issued an end-user certificate.

Sbips carrying the explosives usually docked at the Yugoslav port of Bar. When they continued to Iran, the cargo had new end-

user certificates. Several Kenyan end-user certificates are among the documents. Typed on paper hearing the crest of the office of President Daniel Arap Moi, they are signed hy the Kenyan chief of staff and the permanent secretary at the

Department of Defence.
The documents include a transcript of Mr. Schmitz's police interrogation in which he states he paid \$10,000 to Kenyan diplomats in Europe for each certifi-

One typical shipment of explo-sives went on a West German vessel, the Frauke, in early 1985. Its shipping schedule showed it loaded in Varberg, Sweden, on Jan. 10 Zeebrugge, Belgium, on Jan. 16 and Nordenham, West Germany, on Jan. 18 before sailing to Bar in Yugoslavia, arriving

After nine hours in port, it

Rabin said the army would

take steps against officers found

responsible for the security

breakdown at the northern army

In a rare public admission,

Rabin told the parliament that a

failure by soldiers at the post to

follow proper security procedures

during a border infiltration last

Wednesday had caused the high

"All soldiers in the Israeli

army, no matter in what unit they

serve, must and can defend their

camps" against attacks, Rabin

said. "There is not and will not be

room for hreakdowns or conces-

Rabin said that despite an early warning from soldiers in Israel's

so-called "security -zone"; in

southern Lebanon who said they

heard a suspicious noise in the

air, soldiers at the militay camp

"In this camp, all the steps

necessary in accordance with

orders and procedures were not

taken, and this led to the terrible

Rabin said an army investiga-

tion into the infiltration had not yet concluded, but steps would

be taken against officers found

responsible for the security

not take s

results," be said.

hreakdown.

think this is enough."

Rabin said that a new set of instructions on the defence of

led and another wounded when media of praising the raid in spite army bases had already been centre for the study of non-vio-

with Israel.

death toll.

#### calls for end to Palestinian March 3. Finally it arrived in Bandar Ahhas, Iran. on March tragedy

The documents show that Ira-

nian officials were often present

when the vessels were loaded in

Europe, under the eyes of local

A Dec. 7, 1984, telex from

Scandinavian Commodities to the

National Defence Industries

that above vessel has been loaded

in present of your representative

Mr. Ali Modir Ghomi. For your

information, this inspection has

been made in front of West Ger-

man authorities which was a very

delicate matter... We must be

The documents also show how

money was transferred from

Sweden to Yugoslavia and back

again. One telex from the Yugos-

lav Procurement Directorate to Bofors, dated March 22, 1985,

remitted to your account

\$1,565,430 as partial payment concerning 3rd delivery. The ba-

lance of \$931,181 we shall pay

you immediately after receipt

corresponding amount from Scandinavian Commodity."

Shamir

promises

decision

on Awad's

case soon

violent resistance.

from a U.S. visit.

in a few days.

TEL AVIV (R) - Prime Minis-

ter Yitzhak Shamir has said he

would personally decide soon whether to expel a Palestinian-

American who has campaigned to

end Israeli occupation hy non-

Under U.S. pressure, the

Israeli Interior Ministry last week

delayed the expulsion of Mr.

Muharak Awad, 44, of East Jeru-salem, to await Shamir's return

Sbamir, who currently holds

the interior portfolio, told Israeli

editors: "I'm looking into it. It's

as clear as day this man is among

us without a permit. He is here

illegally, and we can remove him

or not remove him. I will decide

tbority is mine," he said. Israel revoked Mr. Awad's re-

sidency permit in May on grounds

that he bad taken American

citizenship. Mr. Awad said he believed Israel wanted him out

because he heads the Palestinian

"As interior minister, the au-

Kindly advising that we have

more careful in future.

"We are pleased to inform you

Organisation in Tehran says:

customs officers.

UNITED NATIONS (R) -Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar has said that the international community had a fun-damental responsibility to put an end to what he termed the tragedy of the Palestinian people.

U.N. chief

It is right and just that the Palestinians should enjoy the same human and political rights as everyone else," he said in an address to delegates at a lunch marking a day of solidarity with the Palestinians.

He noted that the question now has been on the U.N. agenda for

no less than 40 years. Referring to efforts in the United States Congress to close the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) office in New York, which is accredited to the United Nations, he said be would not hesitate to defend its status.

Under the headquarters agreement with the United States by which the United Nations was set up in New York, American authorities may not legally interfere in such matters.

Zehdi Terzi, the PLO representative, who was at the lunch, said that if a Congress Conference Committee approved a bid to close down his office he expected an immediate response hy the secretary general.

The Congress has already voted to close down the PLO Information Office in Washington, which is headed by an American of Palestinian origin. That matter is before the courts and Mr. Terzi said he expected it would not be resolved for years. Meanwhile, the office remains

Clovis Maksoud, the Washington and U.N. amhassador of the League of Arab States, host for the lunch, criticised what he termed the double standard of American politicians who called for wbolesale emigration of Soviet Jews while ignoring the Palestinians who bad lost their homeland.

#### Israel to prosecute Kahane

TEL AVIV (R) — Israeli Attorney General Yosef Harish will prosecute anti-Arab parliamentarian Rahbi Meir Kahane for sending letters to Arab citizens asking them to leave the country, Harish's office said on Monday.

Parliament denied Kabane his mail privileges last year when then-Communications Minister Amnon Rubenstein discovered he was using official stationary to send hate letters at the state's for the Arab state,

# Radio reports Cordes to be freed soon

controlled Beirut radio station said Tuesday arrangements "were nearly complete" to release West German hostage Rudolf Cordes.

"The release operation is very close. Measures and arrangements are nearly complete after the necessary contacts were carried out in this regard," the Voice of the Nation radio said.

It cited reliable local sources for its short report, without naming

A news editor reached by telephone at the station said he was not at liherty to elaborate on the identity of the sources. He declined to be named.

The Voice of the Nation is a private radio station operated by moderate leaders of Beirut's Sunni Muslim community.

Asked how soon the sources tor said: "I am not going to add

Christian east Beirut said it had

expected Cordes' release, the edi-

anything to the report. The West German embassy in

imminent without giving sources. There have been several false

alarms in the last two months about the release of Cordes, 53, Beirut manager for Hoechst Ag, one of West Germany's largest chemical companies.

A French-language paper,

He was kidnapped on Jan. 17 on the Beirut airport highway shortly after he flew in from

A group calling itself Holy Warriors for Freedom claimed on July 8 it was holding Cordes and another West German hostage, Alfred Schmidt. The group offered to exchange them for suspected Lebanese terrorist Mohammed Ali Hamadei.

Schmidt, 47, an engineer for the West German electrical conglomerate Siemens, was kidnapped on Jan. 20. He was released on Sept. 7.

Hamadei, 23, was arrested at Frankfurt airport on Jan. 13 on a Italian, one Irisbman, an Indian charge of possessing explosives. and two unidentified men.

The United States pressed for Hamadei's extradition to face charges of air piracy and murder L'Orient Le Jour also reported in connection with the 1985 hi-jack of a TWA jetliner to Beingt Tuesday that Cordes' release was in which an American was killed

The Bonn government on June 24 rejected the U.S. request and said Hamadei will be tried in West Germany.

Three foreign hostages have been freed since Schmidt's release. South Korean Do Chae. Sung, 45, who was abducted on Jan. 31, 1986, was released last.

The others were French newsmen Roger Auque, 31, kidnapped on Jan. 13, 1987 and Jean-Louis Normandin, 36, kidnapped on March 8, 1986.

Both were released by the pro-Iranian Revolutionary Justice Organisation last Wednesday. In all, 21 foreigners remained missing after being kidnappd in Lebanon. They are eight Americans, four Frenchmen, three Britons, one West German, one

#### Turkish opposition supporters start hunger strike national hero overnight.

ANKARA, Turkey (Agencies)

— A group of tearful supporters of former Premier Bulent Ecevit hegan a hunger strike Tuesday. demanding his return to politics.

Mr. Ecevit announced Monday that he was ending his 30-year-old political career following the failure of his Democratic Left Party to win any parliament seats in Sunday's general elections, won overwhelmingly by Premier Turgut Ozal's Motherland Party.

The Democratic Left Party received 2 million votes, or 8.5 per cent of the vote, but this was helow the 10 per cent required for

entry in parliament. A group of party members, several of them former parliamentarians, gathered in front of party headquarters bere, declaring, "either we will die here or Ecevit will return to lead the Social Democrats.'

When Mr. Ecevit's wife Rahsan showed up at party headquarters, several supporters hugged her and pleaded, "please do not leave us alone, without a leader.

Mr. Ecevit founded the Social Democrat Movement in 1966 when be took over as secretarygeneral of the now-defunct Republican Peoples Party. Later he became party chairman and in

1973 premier of Turkey. He ordered Turkey's invasion of Cyprus in 1974, becoming a heart hy-pass surgery in Houston elections.

His party was hanned like all

takeover and Mr. Ecevit was iailed three times for defying military gag orders forbidding former politicians to speak pub-

united under the banner of the Social Democrat Populist Party, now the major opposition with 99 parliamentary seats to Mother-

But Mr. Ecevit refused to merge with this group, setting up his own party and declaring he would rebuild Turkey's Social Democrat Movement from the ground up.

Prime Minister Ozal was due to travel to the United States on Tuesday after his sweeping vic-

He will be accompanied by more than 180 aides, officials and businessmen for talks in Washington on U.S. hacking for Turkey and NATO hase agreements, political sources said.

"We want more support from our rich partners in NATO... They should help us with trade or

soft credits," he said. Mr. Ozal, 60, will also have a election campaign and triple

With almost all votes counted others after the 1980 military from Sunday's elections, Mr. Ozal's centre-right Motherland Party had won about 292 seats in the new 450-seat parliament.

in February.

The centre-left Social Democrat Populist Party (SDPP) won Most Social Democrats later about 99 seats, boosting its position as the main opposition party under Erdal Inonu, a former physics professor.

More than 60 per cent of the vote went to Mr. Ozal and Mr. Inonu, pragmatic leaders who rose to prominence after a military coup in 1980 and were untarnished by extremist violence in

new government would introduce an austerity budget hy March to deal with inflation running at. over 40 per cent. Mr. Ozal has ruled out a de-

cabinet would be formed by the

Aides predicted that a new

valuation of Turkey's lira or any rescheduling of its \$33 hillion foreign deht and has pledged five ... more years of economic reforms.

The poll was the most open since 1980. Turkey, suffering from a poor democratic image which could affect its application long-delayed medical checkup af- in April to join the European ter suffering illness during the Community, invited European parliamentarians to observe the

#### Kenya jails student informant for Libya NAIROBI (R) — A Nairobi told the court Libya's Charge court has sentenced a student d'Affaires in Nairobi, Khalifer

activist leader to five years in jail for passing to Lihya information prejudicial to Kenya's interests.

Robert Buke, 25, was sent-enced on Monday, seven months after the government expelled five Libyan diplomats and sentenced four Kenyan students to jail terms of up to 10 years for spying

· Prosecutor Bernard Chunga

Ahmad, had sought information from Buke on the activities and leanings of fellow students.

This was "calculated to propagate arr undestrable and destructive influence" at the university. be said, adding: "This informa-tion is prejudicial to the interests of Kenva.

sy could he reached for comment. Mr. Chunga said Mr. Ahmad had paid 7,000 shillings (\$435) towards Buke's election last month as chairman of the now

shillings (\$870) and been promised a scholarship to study in Lihya hy Mr. Ahmad's expelled Neither Mr. Ahmad nor a predecessor, Wanis Ali Mesella-spokesman for the Libyan embas-ty, he said.

#### TV & RADIO

Jibril.

#### Tel: 733111-19 PROGRAMME ONE Когал Programme Review Woodie Woodpeeker

...... Children's programme Local series

JORDAN TELEVISION

19:15	Local Programme
72.401	Programme review
20.00	News in Arabic
20:30	Arabic series
71:30	Cultural programme
77.70	Wrestling
22-00	Name of Contract
25700	News summary
DD C	TO A DOCK THE
	GRAMME TWO
17:30	French programme
17:45	"Champs Elysees" — Variety
_	piogramme
19:00	News in French
19.18	Local magazine: 'Aujourd' Hui
17.13	en Jordanie
10.20	
14:30	News in Hebrew
19:45	Sport School
20:00	News in Arabie
70-30	Valurie
20.20	Documentary — Well-being -
21:10	Documentary — wen-being
	Take it Easy
22:00	News in English
22.20	Floodiide
	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN

#### RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM & marks on OSAL KH+ SW

& partly on 9560 KHz, SW Tel: 374111-19
87:00 Light Musi
07:30 Newsdesl
08:00 Morning Show
10-00 News Summary
10:05 Morning Show Contd 11:00 Men from the Ministry
11:00 Men from the Ministry
t1:30 Songs (rom Movie
to-00 News Summan
12:05 Readings 12:30 Pop Session
t2:30 Pop Session
13:00 News Summary
13:05 Pop Session
14400 News Bulletit
14:10 Instrumental
14:30 Easy Listening
t5:98 Concert Hour
16:00 News in Summary
16:05 Instrumentals
16:30 Old Favouries
17:00 Jordan Weekly
17:30 Pop Session
18:00 News Summary
18:05 Science Report
18:05 Music 18:30 News Desk 19:00 Described State
19:00 Date with a Star
19:30 Date with a state 20:00 Evening Show
70:00 Evening 300#

#### ..... Evening Show Continued **BBC WORLD SERVICE** 639, 720, 1323 KHz

06:00 World News 06:09 24 Hours: News Summary 06:30 Report on Religion 06:45 The World Today 07:00 Newsdesk 07:30 Meridian 08:00 World News 08:09 24 Hours: News Summary 08:30 Development 87 09:00 World News 09:09 Reflections 09:15 Classical Record Review 09:30 Brain of Britain 1987 10:00 World News 10:90 British Press Review 10:15 The World Today 10:30 Financial News: Sports Roundup 10:45 Dave Gelly's Songbook 11:00 News Summary: Dmnibus 11:30 Quote, Unquote 12:00 World News 12:00 News About Britain 12:15 Natural Selection 12:25 A Letter from 12:09 News About Britain 12:15 Natural Selection 12:25 A Letter from Wales 12:30 Mendian 13:00 Radio Newsreel 13:15 Masterpiece in Miniature 13:25 The Farming World 13:45 Sports Round-up 14:00 World News 14:09 24 Hours: News Summary 14:30 Development "87 14:45 Good Books 15:00 News Summary: Outlook 15:45 Report on Religion 16:00 Radio Newsreel 16:15 A Personal Look at Remembrance 16:30 Don't Stoo Now, It's neel 16:1S A Personal Look at Remembrance 16:30 Don't Stop Now, It's Fundation 17:00 World News 17:1S A Personal Look at Remembrance 17:30 Two Cheers for November 17:45 The World Today 18:00 World News 18:09 A Letter from Wales 18:15 Training (or Tomorrow 18:30 New Ideas 18:50 Sports Round-up 19:00 Newsdesk

**VOICE OF AMERICA** MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 11740,

11925 and 15210 Hz 06:00 News 06:10 Newsline 06:30 VOA Morning 97:00 News 07:10 Newsline 07:30 VOA Morning 08:00 News 08:10 Newsline 08:30 VOA Morning 08:00 News 08:10 Newsline 18:30 Music USA 19:00 News 19:10 Special English News 19:00 Special English News 19:00 News 19:10 Newsline 20:30 Magazine Show 21:00 News 21:10 Focus 21:30 Special English News & Features 21:30 Special English News & Features 22:30 News 21:10 Newsline 21:30 News 21:10 Newsline 21:30 News 21:10 Newsline America 22:30 Music USA Jazz 23:00 News 22:10 World Repon 06:00 News 06:10 Newsline 06:30 VOA

#### TODAY'S EVENTS

#### **EXHIBITIONS**

⇒ Document — an exhibition at the Goethe Institute.

CONCERT

☆ Concert al A.B.\$, "Boegner-Mouilleré at 7:00 p.m. at the Amman Baccalaureate School.

Royal Cultural Centre '	Tel. 661026
American Centre	0143
American Centre Library	0413.
British Council	636147
French Cultural Centre	63700
Goethe Institute	64199
Soviet Cultural Centre	64420
Spanish Cultural Centre Turkish Cultural Centre	62404
Turkish Cultural Centre	63977
Hava Arts Centre	66519
Hussein Youth City	667181
Y. W.C.A	64179
Y.W M A	66125
Amman Municipal Library Univ. of Jordan Library	63711
Univ of lordan Library	81355
AWAY AND ARM CININI	(4505)

#### **MUSEUMS**

"Children's Heritage and Science Museum." Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:01 a.m. 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday.

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and cos-Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities ol Jordan. Jabal Al Oal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9,00 a.m.-5,00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10,00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.

# WHAT'S GOING ON

☆ Turkish products exhibition at the Housing Bank Centre.

An exhibition of watercolour paint-ings of Jordan and Egypt by Mattin Savage at the Petra Bank Gallery — Wadi Saqra Juntil Nov. 30 to Dec. 5)

#### CULTURAL CENTRES

Royal Cultural Centre	Tel. 661026/7
American Centre	644371
American Centre Library	641530
British Council	6361478
French Cultural Centre	63700
Goethe Institute	641997
Soviet Cultural Centre	644707
Spanish Cultural Centre .	674049
Turkish Cultural Centre.	639777
Haya Arts Centre	665105
Hussein Youth City	6671216
Y. W.C.A.	MI 1011
VWMA	175124
Amman Municipal Librar	604 <u>4.</u> 71
Y.W.M.A. Amman Municipal Librar Univ. o( Jordan Library	y 03/111
ONEY, OLIOPEAN ERNISTY	

# Martyrs' Memorial (Mititary Museum): Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City. Amman. Opening hours 9.00 a.m.-4.00 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

#### SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m.
Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammon Hotel. 7:30 p.m.
Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m.
Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel. 2.00 p.m. p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabai Aman. Eighth Circle. Tel. 816534, 817534.

#### CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tet. 624530. Charch of the Amuncistica (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757, Terrasanta Chorch (Roman Catholic). Terrasanta Chorch (Roman Catholiel. Jabat Luweibdeh, mass in Italian lan-guage, meet every Saturday at 5:30 p.m. Tel: 622360 Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541. Anglican Church (Church of the Re-deemer) Jabal Amman, Tel. 678906, chaptain's residence tel. 601359. Armenian Catholie Church Ashrafieh, Tel. 771331.

Armenian Cadonic Courch Ashidien, Tel. 77133t. Armeniao Orthodox Cburch Ashra-fich. Tel. 775261. St. Ephraim Cburch (Syrian Ortho-dox) Ashrafich, Tel. 771751. Aziman International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani. Tel.

677534.

Evangelical Lutheran Church (Church of the Good Shepherd) Amman, Arabic Service: Sunday 7 p.m., Rev. N. Smir. tel. 811295

Rabibow Congregation Innects at the cood Shepherd's Church) Interdenominational economical Enfects of the Church of the Ch regish Service: Saturday at 6:30 p.m. tet. 822605. Rev. Veli. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints (Mormon) Tel. 815817. 821264.

### FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL

AIRPORT This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RI) information department at the Oueen Alia International Airport Tel. (08) 53200-5, where it should always be verified.

ARRIVALS ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

89-15	Agaba (RJ)
89-10	
	Kuwait (RJ)
072.70	Damascus (RJ)
09:50	Dhahran (RJ)
10:00	Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ)
16:45	Cairo (RJ)
17:40	Athens (RJ)
18:05	Los Angeles, Chicago, Vienna
-0100	(RJ)
10.10	
	London, Geneva (RJ)
t8:15	Istanbul (RJ)
18:30	Madrid, Belgrade (RJ)
18.15	Pareket Pl
40.45	

... New York Amsterdam (RJ)
Baghdad (RJ)

77:40	Karachi (PK)
9:3S	Cairo (MS
t:45	Kuwaii (LN
2:00	Damasers (IV
2:00	Baghdad (I A Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF
2:t0	Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF
3:40	Kuwait (KU
5:00	Jeddah, Medina ISV
1:00	Franklun ILH
1:46	Paris Damasons (AE
2:25	Paris, Damascus (AF Tripoli, Damascus (PK

## DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

07:00	Aqaba   1	RJ
11:00	Vienna New York (	R
11:30	Athens /	R
12:00	Athens (	D
12:30		P
13:30	Rivadh (	P
t9:35	Riyadh (	2
T4-46	Dkak-se/i	D'
19-50	Riberin Doba	Ď
19-55	Bachdad I	ς,
20-00	laddahil	<u> </u>
20:15	Bahrain, Doha ( Baghdad ) Jeddah ( Cairo (	5
20:45	Abu Dhabi, Dubai (1	2
	D	۸,

# ........ Cairo. London 1BA) 10:20 13:00 13:00 13:00 13:45 15:00 16:40 23:15

9	Larnaca, Zurich (SR
D	Beirut (MF
)	Larnaca, Zurich (SR Beirut (ME Damascus, Tripoli [PK
ì	Cairo IMS
i	Damascus. Sana'a   IY Tripoli   LN Baghdad (IA
í	Tripoli II N
í	Bankdad (I A
•	Doba Abu Dhabi CC
1	Doha, Abu Dhabi   GF
	Manual INU
	Medina, Jeddah (SV Karachi IPK
,	Narachi IPK

Fajr Sunrise! Duha Dhuhr

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

#### PRAYER TIMES

MONEY EXCHA	N	GE
Tuesda	ıy	rates
Local sell/buy ra Belgian (ranc 9	les	in fils
Belgian franc 9	5.8	98.2
Dutch guilder 17	8.2	182.8
French (ranc	59	60.5
tralian lira	7.3	27.9
Japanese yen (for 100) 24	88	754.9
Swedish crown	5.3	56.7
Swiss (rane	17	251
	8.9	
U.S. dollar		
W Component 20	ייניק אייניק	206
W. German mark 20	Ν.	- 200

#### WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology. A drop in temperature is expected, with the appearance of clouds at different altitudes. Southeasterly moderate

winds will become westerly light. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly moder-

	Min Imos
	Min./max. 1cmp. 7/17
Аттап	7/17
Agaba	18 / 26
Deserts	n/ 19
Za-Ja- \$7. II	
Jordan valley	17126
Yeslerday's high man 18. Agaba 28. Amman W per or	Humidity readings:

#### **EMERGENCIES NIGHT DUTY**

# AMMAN: Dr. George Al Sahouri Dr. Tavseer As-Sadi ... Dr. Tawfiq Oube in ... Dr. Moh'd Al-Disi .... Firas pharmacy .....

## Amman governorate 891228 Amman Civil Defence 198, 199 Civil Defence Irbid ... 271293, 273131 Civil Defence Quweismeb ... 770733 Civil Defence Deir Alla ... 57306 Ambulance ... 193, 775111 Amman downtown fire brigade ... 198 First aid ... 630341 Civil Defence rescue ..... Gvil Defence rescue 661111 Fire headquarters 622090-3 Police rescue 192, 621111, 63777 Police headquarters 639141 Traffic police 896,390/1 Electric Power Co. 636381/4, 624881 Municipal water complaints 771125/8 Queen Alia Intl. Airport 108)53330/60

#### HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32
Milital Maternity, J. Amn 644281/6
Akileh Maternity, J. Amn 642441/2
Jabal Amman Maternity 642362
Malhas. J. Amman
Delegation Ch
Palestine. Shmeisani 664171/4
Shincisani Hospital
Shmeisani Hospital 669 3  University Hospital 845845
Al-Muasher Hospital 667227/9
The Islamia Abdell
The Islamic, Abdali 666127/37
Al-Alli, Abdali
Hallan, Al-Muhaireen 777101/3
Al-Bashir. J. Ashrafieh 775111/26
A Marka //3111/30
20my, marka 89 6 1/ 5
Army, Marka

. 777636 . 623029 . 743345

. 636730

#### Kayvali taxi ..... Taxina taxi Tamer taxi ... 736428 776131 Sayel taxi IRBID: Dr. tbrahim Al Rabadi

TAXIS:

Fuad pharmacy

ZAROA:

#### Dr. Samir Kifayah **GENERAL**

Jordan Television	77311
Radio Iordan	<i>774</i> 111
Ministry of Tourism	642
Hotel complaints	666
Price complaints	001
Telephone Information	
Jordan and Middle East call	b
Ministry of Tourism Hotel complaints Price complaints Telephone Information Jordan and Middle East cal	001

# MARKET PRICES

L'assallanum		
Upperflower price in fils per kg.	Grapeinui	1307100
Apple (ditterent kinds) 300 / 320	Guava	<b>300 / 250</b>
Apple (Erench)	Otaya	120 7 90
Apple (French)	emon	120 / 60
Danana 350 / 200	Mandarin	140 / 100
Ranana I Muhamman 300 1340	Mandarin	120 1 00
Banana   Mukammar) 300 / 240	Marrow	יוס יועבן
DC3/15 170 / 130	Onion (green)	140 / 100
Beans (broad)	Office (Stock)	20 (20)
Decins (01000)	f laton (dev)	1/0 : 440
Decircol	Oranges (Abu ours)	
Cabhage	Oranges (Shammoull)	170 / 120
Campaign 70 / 00	Oranges (Snammoull)	110 1 120
Carrot		
Cauliflower 100 / 60	Pepper (sweet) Potato	120 / 80
Cumphon	repper (sweet)	240 1 200
Cueumbers 270 / 200	Potato	720 / 300
Dates   box   1200 / 1000	Daddisk	80 / 50
Eggplant Harge)	Raddish	100 270
2564 Jan 1 (80) 00 / 40	Spinsch	1001 10
CKEDIANI (SINSILI	Tomatoes	על ויטבו
Garlie	Tomaroes	120 / 80
	Turnin	1.20 / 00

Turnip .....

dissolved Student Organisation of Nairobi University (SONU).

Buke had also received 14,000

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

## Senate team leaves for parliamentary talks in Spain

AMMAN (Petra) — A par-liamentary delegation led by Upper House (Senate) Speaker Ahmad Al Lawzi left for Madrid on Tuesday on a six-day visit to Spain, at the invitation of Spain's Upper House of Parliament.

During the visit, the delegation will discuss with Spanish parliamentarians scopes of Jordanian-Spanish cooperation, in geoeral.

and parliamentary affairs, in particular. The delegation is comprised of Senate members Abdul Rahman Khalifa, Amer Khammash, Ali Hassan Odeh and Barjas Al Hadid and two officials from the parliament secretariat.

Minister of State for Parliamentary Affairs Sami Judeh saw off the delegation.

### Hmoud, Danish minister review agricultural policy

Agriculture Marwan Hmoud on Tuesday received Danish Minister of Energy Svend Erick Hovmand and reviewed with him Jordan's agricultural policy and the efforts made by the government to develop animal wealth and to provide lean meat for the local market.

Mr. Hmoud pointed out that Jordan has achieved self-sufficiency in producing chicken meat and eggs and has become an exporter of these products.
"thanks to cooperation between the government institutions and the private sector."

Mr. Hmoud stressed the need for enbancing cooperation between Jordan and Denmark in exchanging agricultural commodities and expertise, and in developing animal wealth and dairy

Mr. Hovmand praised Jordan's achievements in agricultural development. He also welcomed cooperation with Jordan in agricultural fields and expressed interest in exchanging technical ex-

The meeting was attended by

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of the under secretary of the Ministry of Agriculture and other senior officials.

> Animal care assistance agreement signed

Earlier on Tuesday, Mr Hmoud concluded an agreement with a British animal care society for providing technical assistance and medication to horse breeders

in the Jordan Valley region.

The British society, Espana, will provide Jordan with a mobile clinic offering first aid and other medical care to animals used to plough land in the valley region, according to the agreement.

The agreement provides for two Jordanian specialists to be trained on this type of animal health care.

In addition, the arrangement provides for the creation of a specialised body, grouping members of the society and the Ministry of Agriculture, to supervise the implementation of treatment

The agreement was signed by Mr. Hmoud and the president of the British society.

## 14th relief mission steps up assistance to Sudan

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordan sent to Sudan on Tuesday another rebef mission, including specialists and nurses, with four tonnes of medicine and seven tonoes of food supplies for drought victims

The mission; the fourteenth of " its kind to be sent to Sudan, was seen off by Health Minister Zaid Hamzeh, who deputised for His Royal Highness Crown Prince

In a speech to the mission's members, Dr. Hamzeh called for intensified efforts to follow up on the work of earlier medical missions sent to belp the Sudanese

The group that left on Tuesday will replace another mission that bas been working at the city of Kass for the past few mooths.

# Dajani stresses Arab security at interior ministers meeting

ter Rajai Dajani on Tuesday said that the Amman extraordinary Arab summit has announced the birth of a promising Arab national dawn, thus dispersing clouds of disunity and replacing them with the spirit of agreement and consensus and a keen interest in safeguarding the Arab Order and higher Arab interests.

Addressing the sixth session of Council of Arab Interior Ministers, currently being held here, Mr. Dajani said that Jordan, out of its belief in the unity of Arab action and its interest in safeguarding Arab security, has. started applying a new concept, that is, the comprehensive security concept, which constitutes a step on the path of implementing the Arab security strategy.

Mr. Dajani reviewed the main

in particular, the violent acts Habib Ammar, which took place in the Holy City of Mecca, saying that they were committed by the Iranian regime.

Mr. Dajani also referred to the factional fighting in Lebanon and the Israeli occupation of South

Mr. Dajani said that ensuring security and stability is achieved not only by strengthening and developing security apparata, but also through crime prevention. "To achieve this," the minister said, "it is necessary to launch awareness campaigns designed to enhance the concept of personal security, which, in turn, serves the welfare of the individual and the society.

The sixth session was officially opened with a speech by the Tunisian President Zine Al Abievents which have occurred since dine Ibn Ali, read on his behalf

the previous session. He recalled. by Tunisian Interior Minister Al

In his address, the Tunisian president said that the unification of Arab ranks which was achieved at the Amman extraordinary Arab summit would serve as the best incentive for maintaining solidarity and furthering cooperation among Arab states.

The Tunisian president also expressed his country's commitment to the principle of pan-Arab security. He said that there is a strong interrelation between internal and external security and that both are prerequisites for a strong, stable state.

Also addressing Tuesday's meetings were Saudi Arabia's minister of interior, Prince Nayet Ibn Abdul Aziz and the council's secretary-general Dr. Nasha'

# Establishment of joint Jordanian-Egyptian-Iraqi company formally declared

AMMAN (J.T.) — Prime Minister Zaid Rifai met in his office on Tuesday with Iraqi Minister of Communications Mohammad Zibeidi and Egyptian Minister of Transport Suleiman Mitwalli for a discussion on the formation of a maritime bridge company linking Jordan, Egypt and Iraq.

The new company will be operating a land-sea route through Aqaba port in Jordan and Nuweibeh port in Sinai, Egypt. with the purpose of increasing the volume of trade between the three countries.

The Iraqi and Egypnan minis-ters earlier met with Minister of Transport Ahmad Dakhqan. During this meeting, the three ministers declared the official creation of the company, which

was agreed upon some time ago. The three sides agreed that Mr. Mitwalli should be president of the company's board for the first two years, then the post will rotate between the three minis-

Following the declaration, Mr. Dakhgan said in a statement to the Jordan News Agency, Petra. that that the company is open for other Arab states to join,

"Jordan, Egypt and Iraq hope

companies linking Arab countries," the minister said.

He said that the Agaba-Nuweibeh land-sen toute had encouraged the three countries to form the new company for the transportation of goods and pas-

Mr. Mitwalli said that it was hoped that the company will begin operations soon, in order to achieve the aspirations of the three countries.

Mr. Mitwalli said that the new company is bound to promote inter-Arab economic integration. The new company, which will

be headquartered in Amman, has a capital of \$6 million to be shared equally by the three gov-

# Swedish energy minister praises King's Mideast peace efforts

Minister of Energy Birgitta Dahl met here on Tuesday with Marwan Dudin, the acting foreign minister, and voiced Sweden's interest in the positive outcome of the extraordinary Arab.

Mrs. Dahl paid tribute to His Majesty King Hussein's role in the search for permanent peace in the Middle East and said that her country supports the convening of an international conference for the achievement of that goal, as well as the implementation of United Nations Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338.

She also called for the implementation of Resolution 598 to end the Gulf war,

During the meeting, Mr. Dudin briefed the Swedish minister on the results of the Amman summit and reviewed developments in the Arab-Israeli conflict. The meeting was also attended by senior ministry officials and

Swedish Ambassador to Jordan



Mrs. Birgitta Dahl

Arab World currently underway here, told the Jordan News Agencv. Petra, in an exclusive interview, that her country's views on the Middle East question are almost identical to those of Jordan, and that Sweden considers the proposed international conference as the only means for Mrs. Dahl, who is taking part settling the Arab-Israeli dispute.

in a seminar on prospects for oil
and future development in the establish peace based on justice She said that Sweden seeks to

for all peoples in the region, ensuring the legitumate rights of

Israel's rejection of U.N. Security Council resolutions on the Middle East and its establishment of settlements on Arabowned land constitute the major obstacles in the path towards resolution of the Arab-Israeli conflict, Mrs. Dahl said. She noted that Sweden has already conveyed this message to the Israeli government.

On the Gulf war, the Swedisb minister said that her country wanted to see a speedy end to the conflict on the basis of Security Council Resolution 598 and urged Iran to respond favourably to the will of the international community.

Referring to Jordanian-Swedish relations, Mrs. Dahl said they were progressing all the time, serving the interests of both coun-

She said that efforts by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan to bring closer the views of the Arabs and the Europeans constitute a constructive and practical step in the promotion of Arab-European relations.

#### Jordan calls for promotion of trade between Arab World and Eastern Europe merce Hamdi Al Tabbaa delivered that technological development-

AMMAN (J.T.) — Jordan on Tuesday called for the promotion of trade between the Arah World and Eastern Europe and an increase in economic cooperation between the two sides.

Jordan's views were conveyed to a regional conference. ariended by representatives of 21 Arab and East European countries, by Under Secretary of the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply Abdullah Al Hawamdeh. who deputised for Minister of Industry, Trade and Supply Rajai

Mr. Hawamdeh said that the Arabs were looking forward to the establishment of a firm basis for economic cooperation with Eastern Europe and expanded trade based on the barrer system. President of the Federation of Iordanian Chambers of Com-

lateral trade. Mr. Genadi Gerasinov said tween the two sides.

a speech, referring to socialist, are sweeping the world and that countries' trade with Arab states. The Arab countries should seek to as an important element in de- benefit from these developments veloping bilateral economic coopin promoting their economic and eration despite the difference in trade ties with other nations. The four-day symposium is

economic systems. "Diversifying and expanding the volume of attended by representatives of trade between the two sides is chambers of commerce in Arab bound to serve the objectives of national development." Mr. Tabcountries and East European socialist countries, as well as UN-CTAD, the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP). The Eastern Bloc's representathe Economic and Social Corptive at the United Nations Conference on Trade and Developmission for Western A 1 ment (UNCTAD), which is orga-(ESCWA), the Federation of nising the conference, also spoke Arab Chambers of Industry, Trade and Agriculture and the at the meeting, saving that the economic ties between the social-Federation of Jordanian Chamist countries of Europe and Third bers of Commerce.

World countries presented a good The participants will discuss the role of chambers of comopportunity for expanding bimerce in encouraging trade be-

#### Committee discusses hiring of engineers

bau udded.

of engioeers and training university and community college graduates to prepare them for work in the public and private sectors were among the main topics discussed by a national ministerial committee charged with handling the unemployment problem in Jordan.

Following the meening, which was chaired by Deputy Prime Minister Abdul Wahhab Al Majali, Ali Hiodawi, advisor at the prime minister's office, said that the committee discussed ways to absorb new engineers into the public and private sectors, with

AMMAN (J.T.) — Employment the cooperation of the Civil Service Commission.

The government plans to employ engineers in some of the 420 municipalities and village councils, so that they can assist in implementing development and engineering projects. The hiring of these engineers will be facilitated by the Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the

Environment, Mr. Hindawi said. The committee also discussed a proposal to set up a programme at the University of Jordan for training engineers and other university and community college

tric and electronic equipment. Mr. Hindawi added.

He said that the committee members also discussed a programme of employing graduates part-time in government departments, which was recently endorsed by the government and which will be implemented as of the beginning of 1988.

The committee decided to set up a technical committee to study ways to find jobs for Jordanians in Arab countries requiring personnel with specific skills, specially teachers, engineers and docgraduates in maintenance of elec- tors, according to Mr. Hindawi,

## Conference highlights EEC-Israel controversy over Palestinian exports

By Najwa Najjar Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — The controversy between the European Economic Community (EEC) and Israel on whether Palestinian exporters should be free to market their products directly to Europe was discussed during the working session of the conference entitled "Economic Integration and Jordan-EEC Relations.

During the two-day conference a paper on "the EEC relations with the occupied Arab territories" presented by Dr. Ahmad Katanani, undersecretary at the Ministry of Occupied Territories. noted that the EEC bas not yet succeeded in obtaining Israeli approval for permitting producers from the occupied territories to conclude the agreement with the EEC.

According to Dr. Katanani the EEC has proposed to establish a company along the same lines as Agrexco, an Israeli marketing corporation which has monopolised the market, to allow for the Palestinian producers to market their produce directly to the

Analysis attending the conference said that the EEC decision to create such a company was in response to the "detrimental effects of Israeli policies on the occupied territories." They added that such an agreement is in line with the EEC policy towards the Arab World.

Dr. Loukas Tsoukalis from St. Antony's College, Oxford, who also presented a paper during the conference, told the Jordan Times that the community includes countries with different attitudes towards the Arab World. "The EEC position has shifted considerable over the years towards the Palestinian people. However, it cannot be changed completely. nor can they exclude Israel com-

pletely. Israel is presently part of the free trade area which means that oo tariffs are imposed on either side. "Preferential treatment decisions are mainly political decision," said Dr. Tsoukalis, "and are granted according to econo-

mic development." "However, it was precisely economic and political considera-

tions which forced the EEC to change its stance towards the Palestinians," according to Dr. Nabih Al Nimer, secretary general at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, who traced EEC-Palestinian relations in a paper entitled the "EEC and Middle East Political Dimensions."

"Since the turn of the century. the European interest in the Middle East was often in conflict with the political aspirations of the Arab people. Until 1973 the Palestinians were seen in the context of a refugee problem by the EEC. With the Arab oil embargo, reduction in oil supplies, and increase of oil prices during the same period and failure of Israelis to withdraw from occupied Arab territories, the EEC was forced to adopt a new political stand towards the Arab-Israeli conflict," Mr. Nimer said.

An EEC declaration in Nov. 1973 affirmed EEC support for implementing Security Council Resolution 338 and 242 to settle the Arab-Israeli conflict. Four years later the European Council adopted a resolution containing the crucial word "bomeland" for Palestinian people "as an effective expression of Palestinian national identity," Mr. Nimer

"With the failure of Camp David agreements to produce comprehensive results towards settling the Arab-Israeli conflict. the Venice Declaration was signed in 1980 calling for the Palestinians right to self-determination and accepting the role of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) in the peace

efforts. The EEC declaration also referred to the question of Jerusalem and to Israel's policies in the occupied West Bank and underlined the rejection of all unilateral initiatives designed to change the status of Jerusalem.

Moreover, the EEC demanded an end to Israel's territorial occupation of Arab land since 1967 and declared the Jewish settlements in the occupied territories illegal, and constituting a serious obstacle to peace in the Middle East.

This year the Brussels Declaration endorsed Jordan's call for an international conference on the

Middle East under the United Nations' auspices.

However EC Commissioner Claude Cheysson insisted during a visit to Israel last month that Palestinian exporters be free to market their produce in Europe.

An observer attending the working session commented: Some Arab farmers in the West Bank and Gaza have marketed their products through Agrexco, but usually not to their benefit." He cited a case in Gaza to explain his statement.

'Gaza farmers were encouraged by Agrexco to produce strawberries. Agrexco promised to provide technical assistance and to buy the strawberries, however, in the past five years Agrexco bought only 400 of the ,500 tonnes of strawberries produced. During the same period, Agrexco was helping settlers produce strawberries of bener quality at a lesser price.'

An economist pointed out that when assistance goes through Israeli channels, very rarely do they help the Arabs in the occupied territories since all the Israeli policies are geared to expropriating the land and uproot the indigenous population.

Dr. Katanani outlined several of the policies imposed on the inhabitants of the West Bank and Gaza "which have been the most detrimental on their economy, and which may have played a role in changing the EEC attitude towards the Palestinians." The Israeli occupation of Arab

territories in 1967 has produced "serious demographic changes." According to data from the Economic and Social Development Programme in the occupied territories presented by Dr. Katanani, just before 1967 there were 900,000 Arab inhabitants in the West Bank and 450,000 in Gaza.

"However, because of the deteriorating conditions under occupation the rate of growth has been far lower than the pre 1967 level. Between 1967-84 a net migration of 275,000 inhabitants was recorded. The present population is 950,000 Arabs in the West Bank and 575,000 in Gaza, Dr. Katanani said. "This limited increase included an increase in the labour force from 195,000 in 1970 to 273,000 m 1984. Howev-

er, the additional 78,000 labourers bave not been absorbed into the economy of the occupied territories as statistics do not register scarcely any increase over the period 1970-84.

The West Bank and Gaza cannot employ more than 20 per cent of the population due to a severe shortage of jobs. As a result the Arab workers who did not emigrate, had to seek employment in Israel. Arabs who participate in the Israeli economy has increased from 21,000 in 1970 to 90.000 in 1984," he said. ''Consequently the migration of Arab workers to Israel caused a decrease in workers in the occupied territories agricultural, construcnon, and industrial sectors. Industrial workers account for 16.6 per cent of the total labour force in the occupied territories," Dr.

Katanani said. In addition to the policies aimed at uprooting the Arab population and decreasing Arab workers in the occupied territories, Israeli restrictions on land and water use has had adverse effects on the productive sec-

tors, Dr. Katanani said. "Israel treats the West Bank and Gaza as capital markets. They can sell them, but the Arabs cannot sell to the Israelis nor to the outside," said Dr. Katanani. He called it a "profitable busi-

ness" for the Israelis. "This is especially true for Israeli industrial products." Dr. Katanani explained that the occupation authorities strove to convert the occupied territories into a dumping zone for Israeli products, in particular the low quality goods whose sale is prohibited in Israel. "Israeli products marketed in the Arab lands in 1984 account for 10.6 per cent of the total Israeli exports. Of the 10.6 per cent, 48 per cent were manufactured goods with a value

estimated at JD 114 million." "By contrast the Arab industries do not enjoy any kind of protection and like agricultural products, industrial products cannot be marketed in Israel or to the outside. Except for the 40 licensed firms with the Ministry of Industry and Trade, the majority of the industrial sector exporters have failed to reach the East Bank and other Arab markets," Dr. Katanani said.

The high fees imposed on products crossing the bridge to the East Bank or through Israeli ports and the strict administrative measures of inspection and detention on the bridge further complicates the transfer of goods from the occupied territories," he

added. "Additionally often it is difficult to produce quality products with the high cost of equipment and imported materials due to high custom duties, inadequate physical and institutional infrastructure; and absence of a national authority that could undertake policies favourable to agricultural and iodustrial protection," Dr. Katanani said.

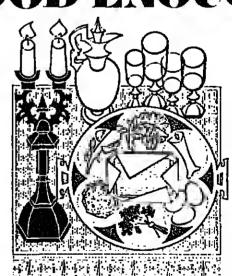
Although Israel has agreed for Palestinians to export fruit and vegetables with certificates of origin issued by local chambers of commerce in the occupied territories, instead of Israeli government owned marketing cooperation, an academic voiced his doubts. "I don't tbink there will be an increase of Palestinian products on the world market. What will probably happen is that the certificates of origin will not be given, or it will become very

difficult to obtain one," he said. The scholars, academics, and economists attending the conference agreed that the establishment of a company like Agrexco may be a solution. Such a company would carry more weight than individual Palestinian producers selling to European coun-

They said that if political and economic pressure exerted by the EEC. Israel will be forced to comply with the establishment of such a company.

Other recommendations to alleviate the pressures on Palestintan producers and to help the trade deficit --- which is estimated to be over \$800 million included; the continuation of EEC assistance to the occupied territories through the Jordanian government and parastatal institutions; co-financing of projects under the EEC Non-Governmental Organisations (NGO); scholarship programmes, food aid and other assistance made available mainly to UNRWA (United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine refugees) and the Red Cross.

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### Arab option is viable

WHILE trying to assess the results of the Amman Arah summit, ooe should underline its strategic significance. Its importance lies in the achievement of three hasic objectives: first, it came as a timely deterrent signal, stifling Tehran's aggressive designs on the Gulf states, particularly Kuwait; second, it in effect served as a reminder of the onacceptability of any recewed U.S. attempt to establish Pax Americana in the Gulf region; aod, third, it reinforced the Arah League's will to defend the Arah Nation.

Iran had singled out Kuwait to harass for its support of Iraq in the seven-year-old Gulf war. It was Kuwait's inability to militarily defend its own shipping trade which oecessitated that its oil tankers fly U.S. flags and sail uoder U.S. protection. But, despite U.S. naval protection, the reflagged tankers came under Iranian fire in Kuwaiti territorial waters several weeks ago. Iran also rocketed Kuwait's only supertanker oil-loading terminal, partially affecting its oil exporting capability. This posed a serious security dilemma for Kuwait. If the Kuwaiti oil-loading terminals themselves remained defunct because of Iranian attacks, what need was there for Kuwaiti tankers to be reflagged and put under U.S. navat escorts? Of itself unable to defend its security from external attacks, Kuwait had to seek help from others. The absence of a single state, or a combination of states in the Gulf, powerful enough to come to its aid in thwarting Iran's hostile intentions, forced Kuwait to look for help elsewhere.

Help promised to come from Amman. Last month's Arab summit but its entire weight behind Kuwait, after adequately addressing its security concerns.

The extraordinary summit has also helped the Gulf states to avoid a repetition of the mistake of history by slowly, but imperceptibly drifting into a situation where they would have no choice but to embrace "American protectorship." When Pax Britannica was drawing to a close in 1971, the U.S. was standing in the wing to stage a Pax Americana, but it failed hopelessly because of local resistance, including that of the late shah of Iran, who then functioned as a surrogate for U.S. interests in the region. Though the revolutionary hiccups of the diehards in Tehran still remain a tempting invitation for the U.S. to try the game again, the resolutions of the Arah summit will. no doubt. discourage it from making any fresh attempts.

The security dilemma of Kuwait and other Gulf countries, caused by the Iran-Iraq war, was resolved at the Arah summit in Amman. The summit declared its solidarity with Kuwait in confronting Iran's aggression. This was a result of the Arah leaders' closing their ranks and coming to grips with the reality of the strategic situation in the er they perceived the urgent a for a consolidated Arab front that could act as an impregnable shield to guarantee the security not only of Kuwait, hut also of other Arah Gulf states threatened by Iran. A joint Arab front is a viable option, credible enough to deter any Iranian misadventure and sufficiently far-sighted to preempt any foreign stranglehold on the region.

#### ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

#### Al Ra'i: King continues mission

KING Hussein's visit to Baghdad and his talks with President Saddam Hussein was part of an on-going move by Jordan to follow up on the achievements of the extraordinary Arab summit meeting held in Amman. This stage of maintaining the momentum in Arab solidarity is of vital importance, for the Arabs ought to do all they can to strengthen their solidarity so as to take further steps serving their oational interests. The Baghdad talks between King Hussein and the Iraqi president, represent a practice in coordination and consultation between the two leaders designed to ensure further strength for the Arabs who are confronting challenges and dangers. The Arahs ought to benefit from the Amman successful summit and build on it, if they want to defend their land and their identity. The Arabs ought to make use of time which is an important factor that has been exploited by their enemies in the past. What must be done now by the Arabs is practical steps and joint action not mere reaction and impassive attitudes. The Arab leaders ought to translate their solidarity achieved at the Amman summit into practice, and should rally together to implement the summit's resolutions. It is natural for the Arab masses to view these moves which are spearheaded by Jordan as the right steps in the right direction, and a positive move towards fulfilling the aspirations of the Arab people.

#### Al Dustour: Supporting Iraq

KING Hussein on Monday paid a brief working visit to Baghdad for alks with the Iraqi president in the course of the on-going consultations and coordination between the two leaders. The visit gained importance since it followed the successful Amman summit neeting where the leaders of the Arab Nation were able to eestablish reconciliation and solidarity among their countries, and vere able to voice their support for Iraq and the rest of the Arab tates in the Gulf that are exposed to Iran's continued threats. The Arab countries were unanimous in their condemnation of Iran's breats and continued aggression on the Arab land, and thus lraq was rade to realise that it is not alone in the struggle against aggression. he King's visit and the support which the Arab countries have hown to Iraq and the Iraqi people came amidst reports of new eassing of Iranian troops for yet another adventure on Iraqi erritory. Iraq which is supported by the Arab countries, is certain to ni enemy plans and will deal a severe blow to the aggressors, turning is adventure into a catastrophe. The King's talks with the Iraqi resident came against this background, and in view of the new evelopments on the diplomatic and also the military fronts view this sit and a similar one paid to Damascus as part of the King's 1-going endeavours for bringing the two capitals closer together us gaining more momentum for the Arab summit and its results.

#### awt Al Shaab: Enhancing Arab solidarity

[NG Hussein's visit to Baghdad was clearly designed to follow on e positive outcome of the Animan summit meeting. It was designed enhance solidarity among Arab countries and to bring reconciliain between Iraq and Syria within the framework of a general reement and consensus achieved at the Amman summit. The visit me soon after the King's visit to Damascus where he discussed with esident Assad the outcome of the summit and means of further Istering inter-Arah relations. Jordan is carrying out a leading role cementing inter-Arah relations and beiping to fulfill the aspirations the Arab people.

# Latin summit highlights decline of U.S. influence in region

By Bernd Debusmann

ACAPULCO, Mexico — An unprecedented summit meeting of eight Latin American presidents bas highlighted a decline of U.S. influeoce in the region as Latin Americans display a new spirit of independence.

meeting made no direct reference efficiently. to the United States. But it contained a blueprint for Latin American economic and political cooperation which delegates saw as likely to erode U.S. predominance in an area where only two decades ago Washington's leading role was rarely challenged.

The summit was the first ever held without Washington, and several of the topics discussed pointed to deep resentment of U.S. policies on such sensitive subjects as Cuba and Nicaragua.

Hostility towards Cuba has been a cornerstone of U.S. Latin American policy since Fidel Castro's 1959 revolution. Washington managed to convince the ranks in 1962.

In Acapulco, there as consensus that not only was it time to readmit Cuba into the Latin the latest of a series of recent American fold but also to revise setbacks for Washington.

the way the OAS is operating. For decades, the 31-member ence, of an apparent determinabody used to do little more than

rubberstamp U.S. actions. But Mexican President Miguel de la Madrid said in reply to a news conference question there had been consensus that the Washington-based OAS must be subjected to "detailed revisions" The final communique of the as it had not carried out its role

> Conference sources said the subject, seen as a sharp slap in the face of the Reagan administration, would probably be raised at a foreign ministers' meeting in the Colombian seaside resort of Cartagena. The date has not been fixed.

> According to delegates, at least two of the presidents — Alan Garcia of Peru and Jose Sarney of Brazil — had demanded that the headquarters of the OAS be moved from Washington to a Latin American city.

The summit brought together the leaders of 320 million people in Mexico, Argentina, Colombia, Brazil, Panama, Peru, Vene-Organisation of American States zuela, and Uruguay. They repre-(OAS) to expel Cuba from its sent more than 80 per cent of

Latin America's total population. Cuba's return to the Latin American community would be

could control oil production and

the consumer countries ought to

reduce oil consumption and find

alternatives to help supplement

of oil should study means of

reducing the damaging effects of

burning oil products which has

become a major cause of concern

endangering civilisation. Mrs. Dahl noted citing Europe as an

Claude Cheysson, commission-

er of the EC for Mediterranean

policy and North-South relations.

also addressed the meeting stres-

sing that Europe seeks to create

stable oil markets and stable oil

prices. He said the rise in oil

prices in the 1970s and the cost of

raw materials had led to inflation

inflation and the rampant lending

and the debts led to a shortage in

seminar discussed working papers

dealing with elements that affect

demand and supply on oil and

alternative sources of energy.

The first paper, presented by

the secretary general of the Orga-

nisation of Arab Petroleum Ex-

porting Countries (OAPEC) re-

ferred to the role of oil in econo-

mic development of Arab coun-

tries and the adverse effects of oil

stronger links between oil-pro-

ducing and non-producing Arab countries to help offset part of the

negative aspects of price fluctua-

nons of oil on which many Arab

states depend as the main source

The paper also urged indus-

The second paper referred to

trialised nations to reduce restric-

tions imposed on consumption.

the world's oil reserves and the

prospect of alternative sources of

energy in Western countries

which would eventually lead to a

lesser dependence on oil.

The paper recommended

price fluctuations.

of income.

Mr. Cheysson said that this

The first working session of the

and monetary chaos.

currency in the 1980s.

Both consumers and producers

od resources.

example.

tion that Latin American problems should be solved by Latin Americans, was underscored in several keynote speeches in Aca-

"New winds are blowing superpowers..." The communique, couched in rough our continent," said "This is Latin America's measured tones, contained a through our continent," said

ica's most populous country. The winds of independence. The winds of autonomy, of the full exercise of our foreign policies, without the chains of the zuela's Jaime Lusinchi.

The new spirit of independ- President Samey of Brazil, with hour... to call the world's atten- pointed reference to U.S. poli-130 million people Latin Amer- tion to the need to abolish the dictatorship of the (U.S.) dollar," said Garcia. "Favourable winds of change are blowing through Latin America." declared Vene-

The communique, couched in

rebels fighting to overthrow the ruling Sandinista National Liberation Front (FSLN). "We are calling on countries with links in the (Central American) region... to respect the principles of non-intervention and free determination which are essential for a harmonious coexistence." the communique The United States, not invited to seed official observers here. sent two diplomats from the embassy in Mexico City. They were accredited as journalists and had to queue for conference documents along with some 600 genuine correspondents.

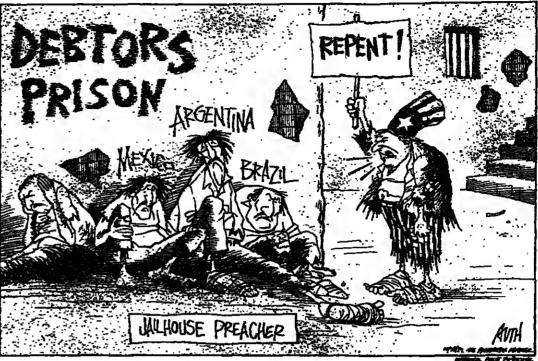
Washington has maintained public silence on the implications of the summit but one senior government official delegate in Acapulco said the Reagan administration had an "extremely negative attitude" towards the

cy on Nicaragua, where Washing-

ton is financing and arming a

12,000-strong army of right-wing

meeting. Privately, some delegates said U.S. prestige had rarely been as low in the region. They ascribed it to seven years of Reagan administration during which Washing-ton ignored diplomatic solutions to problems in Central America.



## **Crown Prince underlines** long-term outlook for oil

(Cootinued from page 1)

"For the foreseeable future, it s clear that oil cannot be fully replaced by any other form of energy. This will keep Europe sensitive to fluctuations in its oil supplies. The current glut in the oil markets and the temporary savings enjoyed by European economies should not prevent Europe from looking into its long-term interests. If another oil crisis is in the making as quite a number of forecasters and analysts suggest then Europe and Japan will become more depen-

dent on Arab oil.' "Shocks and reactions are traumatic to all concerned. In the long run they hurt Arabs and Europeans alike. The present calm environment may be the best time to come to terms and work out an Arab-European understanding and an Arab-European middle path and this is mitments to accommodate the legitimate interests of both

Minister of Energy and Miner-Resources Hisham Al Khatib addressed the opening session of the seminar. He said that the objective of the meeting was to assess factors related to oil, the development process in Arab countries and future prospects and outlook.

He said the seminar would address problems related to development and measures that should be adopted to minimise the adverse effects resulting from fluctuation in oil prices.

Despite the search for alternatives for oil. petroleum remains the major and basic element for developing world economies, and so Arab oil-producing countries will be able to play a fundamental role in supplying energy to the world, the minister said.

The minister noted that oil markets had witnessed a state of instability resulting in serious problems for both exporters and consumers of oil.

This situation is unhelpful for development and is bound to adversely affect both sides. Dr.

Khatih said. Mrs. Brigitta Dahl, the Swedish minister of energy told the meeting that oil would remain the main source of energy worldwide but supply was bound to run out one day and this calls for careful handling of the present oil re-

"We have to shoulder our responsibility for the future generations and both consumers and producers should therefore take care of the present energy resources," Mrs. Dahl said.

She said oil-producing nations ought to work out policies that

#### **Peres: Efforts** should continue

(Continued from page 1)

Mr. Shamir called on Greece Tuesday to play a role in Middle Easi peace efforts and to tell Arab leaders "they can achieve nothing hy violence," Mr. Sha-mir's spokesman said.

At a meeting in his office with visiting Greek Foreign Minister Carolos Papoulias, Mr. Shamir also urged Greece to upgrade its ties with Israel, spokesman Avi Pazner said in a telephone inter-

### Cheysson issues stern warning to Israel over West Bank exports

(Continued from page 1)

Jordanian agricultural cooperative organisations was left unused for five years.

Mr. Cheysson said the EC's demand for direct Palestinian exports without going through Israeli intermediaries was in line with arrangements already made for industrial products from the occupied West Bank and Gaza

Israel insists that farmers in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip should export their produce to the EC through its government-run marketing monopolies.
The EC argues that the Palesti-

choice" to contract directly with European buyers without passing through Israeli intermediaries.

Apart from exporting through Israeli marketing boards. Palestinians in the West Bank and the

nians must have "the freedom of

produce to Europe via the East Mr. Cheysson said that farmers and industrialists in the west Bank and the Gaza Strip were "free to choose whatever marketing channels they want. They can

export as they want... through

Gaza Strip have been selling their

Jordan or Israel. Despite the facilities given by Jordan to products of the occupied territories as part of the Kingdom's efforts to support the economic steadfastness of people living there, Mr. Cheysson said that channelling West Bank and Gaza products through Jordan was "uneconomic" because of the costs involved in transporting them from the West Bank to

Aqaba or other freighting outlets. "For the West Bank, there is no harbour and no airport facility. The port of Gaza is too small to handle loading for Europe and transporting through Sinai is uneconomic." Mr. Cheysson said. "The only economic way for the occupied territories' exports is

through Israel. The (Palestinian) products used to enter the European mar-ket as Israeli produce," said Mr.

Cheysson. "This is not acceptable. These products come from Hebron, Jericho etc... and should be labelled as such. They must enter the market as products of the 10wns in the occupied territories and not as Israeli pro-

Mr. Cheysson arrived here on Sunday to discuss EC cooperation with Jordan and to attend the third Euro-Arab dialogue and a seminar on prospects for oil and future development in the Arab countries.

"The Israelis have already accepted direct exports of Palestinian industrial commodities. They have to accept the direct exports of (Palestinian) agricultural produce." he said. "Their failure to understand that will lead to a definite breach in our relations. What they are doing is illegal and against all international laws. This will turn immediately into a political crisis, and this

they should know. Mr. Cheysson said: "Our Jordanian friends know now very well that we are very anxious to carry out development projects in the West Bank co-financed with Jordan or through Jordanian chan-

However, he said, the EC was more worried about the situation in the Gaza Strip than in the West Bank. "Direct financing for projects in Gaza is badly needed. There's the beginning of a fundamentalist wave. The situation there is very serious and alarming, particularly among the young. There is a high proportion of unemployed, high population density, and it seems the military authorities are pretty rough."

He said the EC was going to have two development projects carried out in the West Bank in cooperation with the Arab Fund for Socio-Economic Development and the Islamic Development Bank. These projects, he said, are a farm project in Jericho and a primary health care pro-

He hoped that Jordan would take more advantage of the Kingdom's direct access to the EC market, which he said was "one of the world's largest markets." He said the state of the EC's

trade balance with Jordan was "not good." "Your exports are very little to the EC although you are good importers. You should export more and not import On joint projects between the

EC and Jordan, Mr. Cheysson said this should not necessarily imply projects that were financed by the EC, but projects of jointventure nature. He said such joint venture projects could also be enlarged to include another Arab country.

In the field of tourism for example. Jordan provides the 'sun, sight and trained labour force." while Europe can provide the tourists and transportation facilities at cheap prices," he On EC aid to the West Bank. said. Projects to be carried out country and another Arab country could centre on providing energy and financing and the know-how, while Jordan can capitalise on its mineral resources, and skilled engineers and traders. He said there could be cases where Europe could

provide the market. Mr. Cheysson, who last visited Jordan almost two years ago, said his visit to Amman took place against an exceptional background since it came immediately after the conclusion of the Nov. 8-11 extraordinary Arab summit

"In the opinion of Europeans, the summit has created a political situation of very particular in-terest." he said. "Undoubtedly the summit and the expression of unity among Arabs have created a new situation which was not possible had it not been for the great role played by His Majesty King Hussein during the meeting.

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After the summit, he said, "things changed as there is now again a common position among Arabs on the main political issues confronting them.

"It was very important for the EC to know what the Arab World expects from the 12-member group" following the summit's successful conclusion, he said.

He said the EC would certainly reaffirm its backing for an international peace conference on the Middle East, and for the full implementation of U.N. Security Council Resolution 59S on the Iran-Iraq war.

"Contrary to our American allies, we stand for the international peace conference on the Arab-Israeli conflict. You (Arabs) have comforted us in the Amman summit's decision regarding this peace conference, ... (which should be) attended by all parties to the conflict, including the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)," he said.

He said Resolution 598 was adopted unanimously by the five permanent U.N. Security Council members and "this resolution is remarkable since the two superpowers bad worked together and, tberefore, it is essential the resolution is applied as it is.

Mr. Cheysson said Iran must accept the resolution. "If Tehran rejects that, then those who made it must adopt a new resolution.

Mr. Cheysson was received by His Majesty the King on Tuesday. The King discussed with him the latest developments in the region and the positive results of the Amman summit.

The King also discussed with Mr. Cheysson cooperation between Jordan and the EC and means of enhancing them.

The audience was attended by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan and Prime Minister Zaid Rifai.

Later in the day, Mr. Cheysson left Amman.

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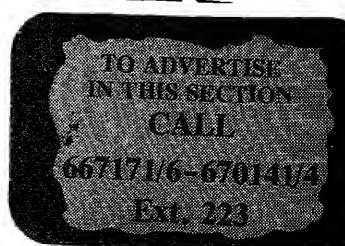
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# In Jerusalem

By Nicola A. Ziadeh

#### About the writer

h A Ziadeh, the son of lo Ziadeh and Layya Shur-(Rihami), both of Nazareth. born at Damascus on Dec. 2 7, where his father worked for Hijaz Railway. He returned this mother, sister and two thers to Nazareth early in ef. following the death of his er. He subsequently lived at areth. Tulkarem and Jenin till I when he joined the Men's mentary Training (later the 1b) College in Jerusalem. In 4 he received its diploma, and 1t into the teaching profession government schools at Acre-ceded by a year at Tarshiha) 1935. In 1935 he earned a planship from the Department Education, Palestine, to read ory at University College, at University of London, graning in 1939 (B.A. Hons.). On grang to Palestine he ioined I when he joined the Men's rring to Palestine he joined faculties of the Rashidiyya ! the Arab Colleges. Jeru-m, where he taught history d geography for some time) 1947. Armed with a leave with from the Department of acation and a British Council sary, he went in that year to land to work for his doctorate the School of Oriental and ican Studies (London). He eived the degree in 1950, in mic history. In 1949 he joined Department of History at the perican University of Beirut. ere he served the cause of raing till 1973, when he bene Professor Emeritus. During

THE autumn of 1921 I found self in Jerusalem. To begin hall the Biblical stories which d been told came to life again. sacrifice — or supposed sac-e — of Isaac by his father raham, at Moriah, the buildof the temple, Jesus driving brokers from the temple.

1. All these things, I boped, ıld be revived. · fore important is the fact that -1 I was in a city. I had lived in

is's arrest, trial and crucifi-

t penod he spent two years as

ning professor at Harvard Uni-sity (1956-7 and 1962-3); he



Nicola A. Ziadeh

was also a visiting professor at Kuwaii University and at Aligarh Muslim University (India). Since 1973 he has spent two years at the University of Jordan, three years at the Lebanese University and has been supervising doctoral theses in Arab history for St. Joseph University (Beirut). Nicola Ziadeh has travelled widely in the Arab and Muslim World from Nigeria to Central Asia and from North Africa to the Arab Gulf. He has written numerous books on Arab and Islamic history and on Arab and Islamic history and civilization, and has prepared about 1400 radio scripts, both in Arabic and English, for various services. In today's Jordan Times, on his 79th birthday, Dr. Ziadeh begins a series of articles on places where he spent his childhood and youth years, remembering people's habits and membering people's habits and way of hie then, and painting with words towns and homes in turn of the century's Greater Syria — Syria, Palestine, Leba-non and Jordan.

place. Now I was older; but more importantly, I was now far away from my family. In other words 1

had to be on my own. The Men's Elementary Training College, later the Arab College, had been established by the military administration of Palestine late in 1918 or early in 1919. Its first principal had been an Egyptian educationalist, who was followed by Khalil Sakanini, a Palestinian of considerable educational experience and a man of Enascus, which was certainly a letters. But when the British government appointed Sir Herbert child to appreciate the big (later Lord) Samuel, a known

Suq Al Attarin (the Spice Market) in Jerusalem

second batch spent two academic years. By the time we were

admirred it had been decided that

three years should be the tour of

education. I received my diploma

in 1924, but the class which came

after us spent four years, which

became the usual number of years for the cycle of secondary

The change for me was great.

Not that I had been a spoilt child

who would find making his own

bed or serving at meals disturb-ing. But it was a change all right. We had regular times for meals, for retiring to bed, for going to town on the weekly holidays,

which were Fridays and Sundays.

But somehow this discipline was

something I soon got used to and,

more so, I enjoyed, contrary to

many of my school mates who felt, or at least said, this was

The change was great in the sense that, as I said earlier, I lived

now in a big city. On our free days we walked from our "school", skirted a cemetery,

reached Bab Al Amud, Damas-

education.

tvranny.

Jewish-Zionist, as the first High teachers, after the war years. The Commissioner for Palestine Sakanini resigned in protest. He was followed by Khalil Totah, a Palestinian who had just returned from the USA where he had received his master's degree in education from Columbia Uni-

Our school was housed in two rented buildings (a third was added in the following year). meant as ordinary houses. The buildings were located close to Bab Al Sahira, Herod's Gate, so in fact we lined under the shadow of the all encircling Jerusalem wall which had been built by the Ottomans in 1543.

There were about ninety students all told. We were all boarding students, except a handful of Jerusalemites who chose to live at bome. Education was free then — and those Jerusalemites were paid two Egyptian pounds monthly in lieu of their board and

The first lot of students had been granted their diplomas after less than two years of study.

There was a dire need of

very old parts of Jerusalem. One way led to the Aqsa Mosque, but the other, a narrower, but a much busier, street, called Sug Khan Al Zait, the market of the caravansarai of the olive oil, led eventually towards the Holy Sepulchre. This street, which had all sorts of sbops, smelt of olive oil, sesame oil soap, fresh bread, grilled meat, sweetmeats, leathergoods and rose water. But it was hardly possible to ascertain for yourself, which particular smell you were inhaling at a particular part of it. On Fridays, in particular, this

cus Gate, and delved into the

street was crowded. Many villagers came to Jerusalem for the Friday prayers at the Aqsa Mos-que. After the prayers they thronged there to purchase whatever was oeeded, and which could not be secured at the village. Besides, many fathers made a point to purchase a little gift for a child — a balloon, a whistle or

One shop was located at the very beginning of Suq Khan Al Zait, on the left hand. Its owner had a fairly large table, at the top of which stood tens of boxes, where letters were placed, 1 had been interested in mail delivery at Jenin, because of the one-time prospect I had of becoming a postman. But I knew, from that and later experiences that this man did not have a post office. After passing the sbop several times, and after failing to solve the puzzle myself, I approached the man, and after buying some thing from his shop, I collected all my courage and asked him about those tens of letters. He very kindly told me that many villagers had relatives in the USA and South America, people who had migrated. Those villages had no post offices. Such villagers used his shop as post restante, and he had one box or more for each village, depending on the amount of correspondence belonging to that village. He added that those same people, not knowing how to mail a letter, would bring some to him, and he would do the job for them. By the way, he explained to me that he charged them for the services. And when a letter came with a cheque in it, the charges were higher. I remember that many years later when I passed this street, this postal



George Hourani, the renowned Arab historian couching Arab College students in Latin

ence. Postal services were better organised, and people became better acquainted with means and ways of making use of such ser-

Towards the southern end of the Suq there was a famous bakery for sweetmeats, called after the family which had run it for generations, Zalatimo, Many a time my friends and myself would stop there to enjoy their mutabhaq. Then we would proceed towards the Holy Sepulchre, through whose two gates we reached Harat Al Nasara, the Christian Quarter, or more correctly its shopping centre. Here the smell was different. Shops, owned mainly by members of the Greek community, catered for salted cod, pickled fish and the fresh smell of bread. Another lot of shops sold "souvenirs" from the Holy Land, olive-seed rosaries, mother-of-pearl rosaries, crosses and candlesticks. Candles, to be used on festival occasions at the church were avail-

Before our exit from the old town through Bab Al Khalil (Hehron), or Jaffa Gate, we came to a sweiga, a small market, called Sweigat Allun, where various kinds of cheeses, labaneh, laban, eggs, butter and cboco-lates were sold. Also, at the lower end of this Sweiga one could buy fresh vegetables. One thing that struck me there was that oranges,



A Jerusalemite postman

water-melons, squashes and egg-plants were sold by weight. At Nazareth and Jenin we have bought all these things by counts! But more of Jerusalem and the school later.

# amed Egyptian temples endangered by tourists, birds and sand

By Mimi Mann The Associated Press

U SIMBEL, Egypt — Almost years after two of ancient pt's greatest legacies were ed from the rising waters of te Nasser, the monumental uples of Abu Simbel are catened again.

ast year. Egypnan experts formed emergency repairs on u Simbel's great temple, with four colossal statues of phar-Ramses II, and the small ple dedicated to Nefertari, his

lamses had his artisans carve great and small temples out of indstone cliff beside the Nile er 3,200 years ago. Ramses's ologers were said to have sen the location because a tembuilt into the cliff at Abu bel would make the pharaoh ear even more powerful than sun god Amun-Ra.

he repairs seem to have cur-2d years of slow deterioration. experts now say nesting birds. ng sand and -- most of all in increasing number of tourare causing new damage daithreatening the monuments' Y SUrvival.

n October 32,000 tourists. 🌣 as many as in October 1986. ted the desolate site 280 metres south of Aswan.

Our main problem is humansaid Attiya Roudwan, chief quities inspector at Abu Sim-We have thousands of tourvisiting bere every day. Some know how to behave."

as he spoke, a German woman Imbled up a side of the great ple to get ber camera closer to of the 20 metre-high Ramses

Get down from there," Roudshouted at the woman. "I get down." After taking one photograph, the embarrassed st clambered back down the

People don't realise these ples are built of sandstone crumble easily," Roudwan

TION

They also brush without nking against the beautiful ntings inside the inner tems, some of them with original ours that can easily flake from walls. Or they just walk up



Between 1964 and 1968, in one joints. of archaeology's most spectacular rescue efforts, UNESCO sponsored an international effort to save the two temples from the encroaching backwater of the then-new Aswan High Dam.

The United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation also moved 21 other ancient structures from what was to become the bottom of Lake

In the \$41-million project, engineers sawed the temples into more than 1,000 blocks, each weighing an average 13 tons, then hoisted them for reassembly onto a ridge 65 metres above. The facades with their monumental statues, sliced from a cliff wall, were attached to an artificial mountain, a concrete dome with built-in earthquake detectors covering the richly painted tem-

ole interiors. Roudwan said years of deterioration had worn down the monuments so badly by last year that the Egyptian Anniquities Organisation dispatched 15 restoration experts from Cairo to

patch them up. A critical problem was that the monuments were coming unstuck, the epoxy resin sealer used to cement them seeping out of the

After five months of restoration, repair and cleaning, including extensive work on the face. nose and body of one of the Ramses colossi, the job was

done. he said. Restorer Kamel Attiya Ambaboula supervised the restoration. He said it generally was successful, but that some problems still await a cure.

"In any such project, we must wait to see how the monuments handle their new environment." Ambaboula said in an interview at Cairo, "When they were hewn into the mountain, the two temples had stress overhead, but with the new dome they have another situation. There is shrinkage in the (relocated) rocks as the temples reach stability."

He said the sealer was a problem because epoxy used to bind the blocks was found to be "reacting badly to strong sunlight. We replaced the resin with a cement mortar combined with sand. Now the stones can

As for the birds, which nest on a row of baboons carved above the Ramses colossi, their "droppings contain chemicals that are eating away and discolouring the fragile sandstone," Ambaboula priority for us in Egypt."

said. "But what can we do? To clean continually at such heights is a major effort.'

He said esthetics were largely to blame for damage done by blowing sand and humidity. After the temples were

moved, landscapers thought it would be a good idea to place layers of sand in front in Order to create a nice environment," Ambaboula said. "Unfortunately, two years later a huge sandstorm hit the area, tossing sand everywhere. We almost lost a face of Nefertari.

Then we put down grass, but the gardeners didn't know anything about taking care of monuments. They watered not only the grass but the stone itself and raised the humidity to dangerous levels."

Like Roudwan, Ambaboula said he worries about tourists, especially inside the temples.

'They bring in sand with their shoes, and sand is very abrasive," he said. "Tourists also stir up dust, which falls onto the (wall) paintings.'

He said some of last year's restoration efforts should last 50 years. Problems will be evaluated each year, however, because "the temples of Abu Simbel are a top

## Link to mainland brings mixed fortunes to Bahrain

By Mariam Alkhalifa Reuler BAHRAIN — A causeway linking cosmopolitan Bahrain for the

service" was no more in exist-

first time with the Arabian mainand has been a pathway to foturne for many since it opened exactly a year ago, letting in a flood of cheap goods and freespending tourists.

But for the grizzled Bahraini kippers who used to sail their traditional dhows regularly across the shallow Gulf waters to and from the Saudi mainland, the \$1.2 billion strip of tarmac has proved to be the end of the road. Convoys of trucks rumbling over the 25 kilometres King Fahd causeway, named after the Saudi Arabian monarch, have displaced the graceful wooden dhows once a vital link in Gulf trade.

"There has been no work for eight months and there is nothing I can do about it," said dhow captain Johar Mubarek, 75,.

Commerce officials say a fleet of around 40 large cargo dhows known as booms and 30 smaller passenger vessels known as banouche have been idly riding anchor at the island's Mina Man-

pletely for these dhows because they travelled almost exclusively to Saudi Arabia," said Bahrain fisheries director Jassim Ahmed Al Oaseer. "Some still sail to the United Arab Emirates (UAE) but the bridge offers a much quicker and safer alternative to transporters."

Oaseer said the able-bodied captains had taken up fishing but the majority were too old to switch jobs and the government was studying a proposal to compensate them with one-off pay-ments of at least BD 2000 (\$5,300) each. But the rise in trade may be

lop-sided. The value of imports to the island from Saudi Arabia nearly doubled in the first nine months of 1987, while the value of Bahrain's exports to the mainland rose by around 30 per cent.

Finance Ministry Undersecretary Isa Burshaid said the link was used for around two thirds of Bahrain's imports from Saudi Arabia during the nine months. worth eight million dinars (\$22.2 million) and three quarters of its

and Saudi Arabia with four other

At least 4.5 million people have so far used the highway which crosses the water in a series of bridges linked by islands and reclaimed land, including 1.6 million from other states of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC). a regional group that links Bahrain

Gulf Arab countries. Bahraini travellers head over to visit relatives and friends. But the lure of cheaper goods in Saudi shops is what attracts the thousands that flock over for weekend trips. People over there are benefit-

ing more (from the causeway) than us because we huy their goods." businessman Yousef Alwazzan said. "They only come here for sightseeing.

Traders in Bahrain maintained they could not compete with Saudi-imported goods because dealers in the much larger Saudi markets are able to negotiate cheaper prices for their imports by buying in bulk.

Both countries tely heavily on imports for items ranging from

exports, worth 10.5 million dinars soap, rice and meat to clothes.

The hridge has given us new

choices not possible before.

Hadi Al Alawi, managing director of Arab Advertising said. "If I need something for my house and can't find it here. I just get into my car and drive to Al Khubar or Dammam. I can take my children if I like and return on the same day," he said of the

35-kilometre trip. Foreign businessmen, including hankers from the island's offshore network, also say the link has made travel within the

Gulf easier. But the biggest bonus goes to Bahrain's once-flagging hotel industry, which was revived with weekend carloads of visitors from Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and United Arab Emi-

The numbers are levelling off now but they're still coming across." said hotel manager Gerald Lawless. "We still have 90-100 per cent occupancy on weekends and its better now because we don't have to turn anyone away."

## Heart surgeon sees role for animal, artificial organs

#### By Julie Vorman

Reuser

HOUSTON — Someday there may not be a need for the human heart in heart transplant operations, just plastics and pigs.

Heart transplant pioneer Michael Debakey says that he sees a day when hearts made from plastic and others taken from pigs may be better choices for implanting in sick patients than a human heart.

"Your sense of humanity is in the brain, not the heart, regardless of what the poets and roman-nics like to say," said Debakey, who has treated such world figures as the late shah of Iran, the Duke of Windsor, presidents Kennedy and Jobnson.

"I don't see any problem in saving a human life by using the beart of a bog that's going to be butchered," he added. "Man has been using animals for food and fibre for centuries. This would seem to be another good way to make use of animals."

Debakey began performing human heart transplants a few months after Dr. Christiaan Barnard made history with the first successful operation on December 3, 1967. He said the next two decades of

medical research should produce a vaccination to prevent the body from rejecting transplanted

Preventing such rejection is the key to successful cross-species organ transplants and the wider use of artificial hearts.

The anti-rejection drug cyclosporine was developed in the early 1980s, and Dr. Michael Kaye. director of the registry for the International Society for Heart Transplantation, said most transplant surgery had taken place since then.

Kaye said that mainly because of cyclosporine about 80 per cent of patients undergoing a heart transplant have survived for at least five years, a "considerable improvement" over the survival rate before the drug came into common clinical use.

Of the 2,726 patients in the United States who have been treated with cyclosporine, 2,172 are still alive.

"Control of rejection has always been the problem in heart transplants because we do the operation pretty much the same way we did 20 years ago." Debakey said. The scarcity of human donor

organs and their tendency to develop arteriosclerosis at a faster rate once transplanted also make animal and anificial heart implants attractive for the future, Debakey said.

Debakey, an energetic 79-yearold who continues to perform more than 100 heart transplants a year at the sprawling Texas Medical Centre in Houston, did the world's first successful heart bypass operation in 1964.

He and his team have since performed more than 40,000 successful bypass procedures.

Earlier, he made medical history in 1953 with the development of dacron grafts for damaged arteries and veins, constructing the first ones on his wife's sewing machine.

In 1966, some 16 years before the development of the Jarvik 7 mechanical heart. Debakey introduced the era of artificial hearts by implanting a left ventricle bypass pump in a 37-year-old woman who was struggling to

recover from open heart surgery. The woman successfully used the machine for 10 days until her heart began to mend, then lived

another six years until a fatal

automobile accident. In the future, a similar kind of partial artificial heart may have a place in treating heart patients,

We wouldn't take the heart out, we would add an auxiliary heart mechanism to pump more blood through the heart of some patients," Debakey said.

The implant of full artificial hearts will also eventually become more successful, once researchers are able to develop better plastic materials and miniaturise the unit so its energy source and pump can be completely implanted within a patient's chest, he said.

"We're continuing work on the artificial heart because we think it's a feasible idea," Debakey said. "Once the artificial heart is perfected, it will outlast the reci-

Debakey said researchers at Baylor College of Medicine. where he is chancellor, are investigating ways to preserve human hearts for longer than the five hours the orean can now survive by being bathed in a chilled che-

# Austrian skiers make a flying start on the Alps

COURMAYEUR, Italy (AP) — A series of Swiss upsets, a revival of the Austrian women's team and first-ever wins by promising young skiers have marked the opening races of the 1987-88 World Cup of Alpine skiing.

The powerful Swiss squad. which had dominated last season's World Cup and the World Championships in Crans Montana. was shut out after three women's and two men's events of the yearly competition, all held in the Italian Alps.

Swiss officials said a slow start of the learn was expected after the triumphant but demanding last season, in which Pirmin Zurbriggen and Maria Walliser swept the World Cup overall titles along with five speciality titles.

We are not worried because the defeats came in two slaloms and one super-g." said Jean Pierre Fournier, coach of the Swiss women's team.

But he conceded that his team might suffer psychologically if it also were to fail to win the Downhill Races scheduled in Val d'Isere, France, on Dec. 4-5.

The second slalom of the women's competition in this Italian resort Monday produced an

declined, an opening which had been very popular in their earlier

Kasparov emerged from the

opening battle with a lead on the

"not very impressive" but that he

title contests.

#### World title chess deadlock continues with 18th game drawn

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SEVILLE, Spain (R) — The 18th game of the World Chess Championship between titleholder Garry Kasparov and challenger Anatoly Karpov was agreed drawn after 40 moves on Monday.

Kasparov proposed the draw after trying to squeeze out a win in a superior ending with rook and three pawns each.

The game leaves the match deadlocked at 9-9 with three wins and twelve draws each.

Kasparov. 24, opened by advancing his queen's bishop pawn forward two squares, offering to dispute the English opening which had brought him defeat two games before.

Karpov. 30, preferred to steer play into the lines of the tartakov- managed to cause Karpov coner variation of the queen's gambit stant trouble.

the Austrian team.

Anita Wacbter led teammates Ida Ladstaetter and Ulrike Maier, while favourite Corinne Schmidhauser, who has gained the reputation as Switzerland's top slalom specialist, dropped out in the second heat.

unprecedented 1-2-3 sweep by

It was the second consecutive win by the rejuvenated Austrian team, which changed coaches and an approach to training to make up for the disappointments of the previous season.

## 76ers derail Jazz attack

but drop-kick the ball through the attack and banded the Jazz its late Utah challenge. first home loss this season.

The result: Barkley scored a career-high 43 points and the 76ers beat Utah 106-100 to hand the Jazz its first loss in eight games at the Salt Palace. Milwaukee beat Indiana 104-94

in the only other NBA game

Monday night. "Everything Barkley threw up went in," said Utab's Karl Malone, who finished with 17 points, 8 below his season average. "The team hit all the important baskets. He could have drop-

SALT LAKE CITY (AP) — Philadelphia, playing without Charles Barkely did everything injured starters Roy Hinson and Tim McCormick, broke to an basket as the Philadelphia 76ers early lead on a 15-1 spurt keyed derailed Utah's potent running by Barkley, then fought back a

Jack Sikma bad 21 points and 13 rebounds for Milwaukee and Craig Hodges spiked an Indiana rally with 12 fourth-quarter

The Bucks led 76-60 after three quarters, but the Pacers got as close as 89-83 with 5:34 left. Milwaukee regained control with a 9-0 raity that Hodges, who scored 16 points, finished with a

3-point goal and a layup. Randy Breuer scored 20 points for the Bucks, and Vern Fleming led the pacers with 20.

#### kicked the hall in." Lendl bids to become the 'grand master'

NEW YORK (R) - Ivan Lendl will be worthy of the title "grand master" if he wins the final tennis tournament of the year starting in Madison Square Garden on Wednesday.

The world number one, 1987 champion of France and the United States and winner of \$993.656, will be chasing another record when the top eight men on the Grand Prix points standings contest the masters championship.

clock and a slightly superior posi-tion, his pawns being less subject The six-day event begins with the round-rohin phase and with the Czechoslovak hidding for an Karpov defended with his usual unprecedented fifth Masters title calm precision and despite having one more than Ilie Nastase. only two minutes for bis last five who triumphed in 1971, 1972, moves, he forced equality.

1973 and 1975. Experts thought that Kasparov Lendl, who has appeared in the was probably pleased to have last seven finals, is not due on achieved both lasting pressure and court until Thursday when he meets American Brad Gilhert but a position free from risk. 'A good fighting game." Icethe \$500,000 tournament could landic grandmaster Helgi Olafsnot have a more intriguing open-ing duel than Stefan Edberg son said, Olafsson said that Kasparov's opening advantage was against Wimbledon title holder

Pat Cash.

Edberg was the world number two for 1987 and winner of the Australian Open where he beat Cash, the first Australian to qualify for the Masters since John Newcombe in 1974, in five sets in the final.

Not only is Cash the first Australian to compete in 13 years, he could be the first ever Austra-



lian winner, a surprising omission on the country's roll of honour in view of the fact Rod Laver, Ken Rosewall and Newcombe were still at the top in the early 1970s. But his Wimbledon victory apart, Cash has not enjoyed the best of years and was a firstround loser in both the French

and U.S. Opens. Lendl is the easier of the two four-man groups along with Gilbert, Jimmy Connors and 1985 and 1986 runner-up Boris Becker. Edberg and Cash are joined by Mats Wilander and Czechoslovak Miloslav Mecir.

With the top two in each sec-

tion going on to the semifinals, Lendl looks a certainty to be involved in the later stages but it is any two from four in the second group where Mecir, as usual, will be the joker in the pack.

Wilander, for one. detests playing Mecir who has collected seven titles this year including the International Players' Championship at Key Biscayne which many would like to see elevated to Grand Slam status.

Mecir, the most innovative player of the present game, beat Lendl in the Key Biscayne final but no-one will know whether the mood is upon him until he goes on court against Wilander on Wednesday,

Becker will also command a lot of attention.

After a poor showing at the Australian Open, Becker suffered a stunning second-round defeat by little-known Australian Peter Doohan at Wimbledon, His ego was further hattered when Gilbert beat him in the fourtb round at the U.S. Open and he even lost in the young Masters last week in West Germany. Becker will have the opportun-

ity to avenge his loss to Gilbert when they meet on Friday. Gilbert was the last of the eight to qualify, making the cut just last week when he edged out Andres Gomez of Ecuador and fellow-American Tim Mayotte by reaching the quarter-finals of the Brazilian Open.

Such are the growing riches in tennis that Stan Smith's \$10,000 cheque for beating Laver in the first Masters final in Tokyo in 1970 is exactly \$200,000 less than

#### West German cities shooting for Olympics While Frankfurt is sure 10 face rival campaigns from other coun-

FRANKFURT, West Germany (AP) - Despite Berchtesgaden's withdrawal from the race for the 1994 Winter Olympics, other West German cities are planning sely populated Ruhr in their their own quests for future

Frankfurt. Stuttgart, Hamburg and the Ruhr Region all have announced preliminary rival plans to host the Summer Olympics between 1996 and 2004.

Frankfurt, the financial and banking centre of West Germany, last week set up an advisory committee to plan the city's bid for the 2004 Olympics.

The committee includes prominent culture, sports and publishing officials, led by wellknown architect Albert Speer. Frankfurt wants to make the Olympics "urban games." closely linked to the city's expanding cultural life. No hudget has been

Although Frankfurt is officially shooting for the 2004 games, offi-cials say it will be ready for 1996 if Athens drops out. The Greek capital is believed to be the prime candidate to mark the 100th anniversary of modern Olympics. which started in Athens.

tries, it will first have to outbid own efforts to win the backing of the West German National Olympic Committee (NOC).

All of these future bidders have extensive, modern sports facili-

Berchtesgaden's costly campaign for the 1992 Winter Olympics ended when the Bavarian village received only six votes in balloting by the International Olympic Committee (IOC) in October 1986.

vote," commented the Sport Kurier newspaper on Berchtesgaden's 6-million mark (\$3.5-million) advertising campaign. The games were awarded to Albertvil-Town officials decided to try

"One million marks for each

for the 1994 Winter Games, but lack of money and support finally forced them to give up the renewed bid on Nov. 24.

"The initial excitment and enthusiasm had vanished." Berchtesgaden mayor Anton Plenk

In addition to lack of mon from sponsors and federal go ernment, local officials al blamed the "half-hearted su port" from the West Germ NOC for their final decision

give up the bid. NOC president Willie Daun bluntly told Berchtesgaden of cials he did not think the villa had a chance for the 1994 Wint Games against such candidates Lausanne, the Swiss seat of fl

Several of the local commun ties that were supposed to sta; some of the Olympic events al withdrew from the bid.

Experts thought that Berchte gaden's renewed bid would co another 1.5-2 million mar (\$800,000-1.1 million). "We must admit that only t

government of Bavaria state w ready to support our hid," Be chtesgaden deputy mayor Hei Babel said. West Germany is one

the richest countries in the worl It has an excellent infrastructur modern communications, as good organisational sense, ; .. plusses for Olympic bidders.

### Briton wins Everest Marathon

KATMANDU. Nepal (AP) - In what was called the world's highest long-distance race, a 32-yearold British computer engineer ran 72 kilometres along the slopes of Mount Everest in slightly less than five hours and won by 1/2 minutes, race organisers said

Siewart Dutifield scored his victory in a 56-runner field in the Everest Marathon on Friday, but communications from the area of the world's tallest mountain took

Dutifield, who now lives in the United States, needed 4 hours, 52 minutes, 10 seconds for the run from Gorakshep, at 5.334 metres on the southern slope of Mount Everest, to Namche Bazar, headquarters of Sherpaland in north-east Nepal, at 3,354 metres.

Nepal's Phabendra Magar, 28, a rifleman of the British Gurkha regiment based in Hoog Kong, was second in 4:53:40.

#### Greece-Dutch European tie switched to Rhodes AMSTERDAM (R) - Dutch and Greek soccer authorities recent threat to move the mat have agreed to switch their Euro- from Athens to the small nort pean Championship qualifying

match on Dec. 16 to the Greek island of Rhodes and keep Dutch fans out following recent crowd The Dutch Foothall Association [KNVB], announcing the compromise at its offices in Zeist

on Monday, said it was pleased with the proposed venue at Rhodes because it felt confident about security there.
It said the European Football Union (UEFA) had asked the Greek soccer union to provide written security assurances from

local authorities on the island. located close to the south-west Turkish coast.

tickets for Dutch supporters, to game academic. The Dutch a limit the risks at the match as secure a place in next year's fine much as possible," said KNVB in West Germany by beatti chairman Andre van Der Louw. Cyprus.

The switch follows Green ern town of Alexandropoulis at play behind closed doors.

The threat was in protest JNDON UEFA's decision to replay la month's troubled Europe? Championsbip game in Rotte dam between The Netherlan and Cyprus instead of adhering an earlier decision to award Cy rus a 3-0 victory.

The original match, which the Dutch won 8-0, was interrupt for an hour after a spectatthrew a firework at the Cypri goalkeeper.

UEFA's initial decision revivo Greece's qualifying hopes but the replay, on Dec. 9, threatens "The KNVB will not distribute make the Greece-Netherlan-

### Eklund to appeal to FISA over rally disqualification

LONDON (R) - Swede Per Eklund and his English navigator Dave Whittock, disqualified from second place in the Royal Automobile Club (RAC) British rally last week, are appealing against the decision directly to the International Motorsport Federation (FISA), a team spokesman said

seconds behind world champion Juha Kankkunen of Finland last Wednesday. But they were dis-

qualified after scrutineers d clared the size of the inlet valv on their Audi Quattro illegal. Chris Parsons, a spokesman f the Sweden's team, said Eklurand Whittock had decided lodge their appeal with FIS rather than the rally organises the RAC.

Although they could have appealed to the RAC first, the felt they had a better chance to going straight to FISA becam they hold the ultimate authority. Parsons said.

#### A modern roof apartment with a large viewing space around it. Two bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, modern kitchen, large living room, with Jelephone & central heating. Between the 4th and 5th Circles, Jabal Amman, near on Tuesday. Eklund and Whittock had finished three minutes and 12

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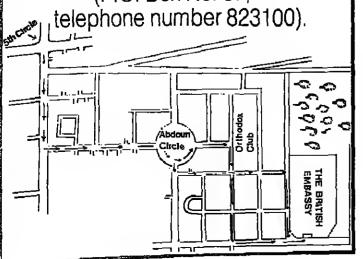
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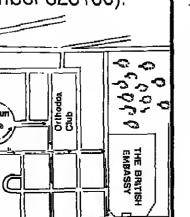
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# Kuwait to computerise stock trading next year Central banks intervene

KUWAIT (R) — The Kuwait Stock Exchange plans to computerise share trading in the first move of its kind in the Middle East, General Manager Hisham Al Oteibi said on Monday.

Kuwait's "big bang" is aimed at boosting trading volume to levels that prevailed before a devastating local market crasb in 1982.

Sheikh Oteibi, in an interview, described the market as strong and only marginally affected by last month's slump on major world exchanges. "We bave a good market, but it needs some encouragement," be said.

The exchange now operates a traditional floor in a \$60 million marble tower near the seafroot.

BAHRAIN (R) - The Dubai-

based group A.R.E. Galadari

Brothers bas signed an agreement

to reschedule about 280 millioo

dirhams (\$75 million) owed to

nine creditor banks, Gulf-based

trouble as the oil boom subsided

billion dirbams (\$270 million).

The agreement, concluded on

Friday is the latest in a series of

bankers said on Monday.

The company, owned by brothers Abdul Rahim and Abdul Latif Galadari, ran into

Rholl in the early 1980s and in March, in the early 1980s and in March, in defaulted on loans of one

37.5

Brokers phone in bids and has not been deterred. offers to monitors on the floor. They mark the prices on a board and enter them into a computer for display around the exchange.

Under the new scheme, due to be implemented in about a year at a cost of \$5 to \$6 million, the trading itself will be computerised as it was in London during the so-called "big bang" reforms of last year.

"When bids and offers meet, the computer will automatically process the deal and inform the clearing house," Sheikh Oleibi

Many dealers believe such computer programme accentuated the plunge in world stock

outstanding oo a syndicated loan.

lead-managed by Citibank, in two

million dirhams (\$65 million) was

made up of the principal on the

years at a preferential rate of

interest, which the bankers did

The second part of about 44

million dirhams (\$12 million) in-

cluded accumulated interest and

would be repaid during years 13

to 16. The agreement provided

not reveal.

loan and would be repaid over 12

The first part of about 237

agreed to pay 280 millioo dirhams enough.

'Computerisation has its advantages and disadvantages.

We are learning from the West to avoid the disadvantages." Sheikh Oteihi said. At its peak in 1982, Kuwait

ranked among the world's top 10

stock exchanges with weekly volumes of around \$1.5 billion. But a massive speculative hoom on the unofficial Souk Al Manakh market, set up to circumvent official regulations, col-

lapsed, leaving dehts of \$95 bil-

With government support and tight new regulations, investor confidence has gradually returned.

The syndicated loan, signed in

1984, had been due to mature in

major legal case in Dubai when

the nine banks took Galadari to

In March, 1987, the court ruled

that the mortgage registered as

security on the loan gave Gala-

dari until 1989 to pay. The banks

agreement still required a consent.

judgment from the Dubai court

cies) - Eight major Latin Amer-

ican nations have sent a clear

The bankers said the new

appealed against the ruling.

to give it legal sanction.

court 10 recover the debt.

But share prices and trading Kuwaiti companies has slipped

1989. It became the subject of a event of a new default, enabling

three days.

volume are still only a fraction of their levels before the crash. Volume in the week ended Nov. 25 amounted to \$31 million. In another step to make trading

easier, the exchange will launch in three to four months a new system to process settlements in less than a day from the current

Sheikh Oteibi said plunging share prices abroad had caused few ripples in Kuwait. "We are listing only Kuwait and Gulf shares. Some of them might have interests in international markets but the effect oin them has yet to be seen," he said.

The leading Al Shall index for

They said that, if the court

approved, the mortgage could be

called in immediately in the

the banks to collect their money

Galadari bas now restructured

more than 600 million dirhams

pany said the only major portion

left to be settled was 401 million

dirhams (\$110 million) claimed

Dubai Bank, taken over by the

Union Bank of the Middle East

(UBME) in 1985, filed 18 sepa-

(160 million) of debt. The com-

through the court.

by Dubai Bank.

eight per cent and that for Gulf firms seven per cent since mid-October, but Sheikh Oteibi said the end of the year was traditionally sluggish.

Most big international markets have fallen by more than 20 per

Sheikh Oteibi predicted the market would get a boost next year when the government is expected to offer shares of some state-owned firms to the public.

He said Kuwaiti "closed companies" suspended from trading in 1985 were gradually being readmitted after studies of their financial status were completed. These were listed companies with no initial public share offering.

rate suits against Galadari in

The court judged in favour of

the bank for a sum of 244 million

dirhams [\$65 million], the com-

pany said. Both sides appealed

against the judgment and the case

is now pending in the supreme

Galadari said it earlier had

signed repayment agreements

with 11 banks for uosecured

loans. The banks had made

claims for 334 million dirhams

# to brake dollar's slide

LONDON (R) — The dollar bounced back from record lows on Tuesday as central banks bought the U.S. currency in a new round of concerted open market intervention to brake its latest decline.

2.5 pfennig rebound to an early slide. high of 1.6570 West German marks.

Dealers said that investors felt it remained vulnerable and continued to worry that its weakness would pinch the export earnings of companies in Asia and Europe, while also causing inflation in the United States.

London shares opened slightly higher and then eased while the Tokyo stock market, the world's biggest, closed only 0.64 per cent higher. Paris and Zurich shares

slipped.
"Everyone has been sitting around waiting for a buying signal hut they don't know what that signal might be." one Paris stockbroker said.

For the currency markets, the signal was what the Swiss National Bank described on Tuesday morning as a coordinated campaign by central bankers to buy

The Swiss Bank, West Germany's Bundesbank, the Bank of England and the Bank of Japan all bought dollars on Tuesday. The Dutch central bank called dealers to ask them at what price

But stock markets were re- said that was a clear signal it did latively unimpressed by its rapid not want the U.S. currency to

Besides boosting the dollar against the Deutschemark, the buying sent the dollar up 1.5 yen. to a high of 133.45, and three Dutch cents to a high of 1.8635 Dutch guilders.

It rose to 1.3565 Swiss francs and gained more than a cent to trade around \$1.81 to the pound sterling.

The dollar hit record lows of 1.6315 marks, 1.3380 Swiss francs and 1.8333 Dutch guilders on Monday, li also hit a post World War II low of 131,90 yen.

Gold eased, with its price fixed in London at \$486.90 an ounce. down \$5.00.

"Intervention has been a bit supportive," a London currency dealer said, "I think we'll see the dollar hold at these firmer levels. but it looks very vulnerable to any bit of bad news."

That caution seemed to set the tone on stock markets.

London's Financial Times 118)share index opened just 9.1 points higher, at 1,589, and held at just about that level through

the morning. Tokyo's 225-share Nikkei inthey would sell dollars - dealers dex rose 146.11 points, or 0.64

Hong Kong shares fell, with the Hang Seng index down 29.84 points, or 1.4 per cent, to

2.108.55 Frankfurt's 30-share Boersen-Zeitung index rose 1.4 per cent, or 5.78 points at 278 49. Amsterdam's CBS All Share index also

gained 1.4 per cent. But Swiss shares eased while the Paris bourse indicator slipped 0.74 per cent. Milan's MIB index fell 1.4 per cent.

In all these markets, investors remain preoccupied with the dollar's value, fearing that a weak dollar will slash companies' profits by cutting into their export

Many worry that Congress may baulk as approving the \$76 billion of budget cuts agreed by the White House and congressional leaders last month.

And some are concerned with how other leading industrial countries will respond. They hope for a quick meeting of the Group of Seven industrial nations — the United States, Japan, West Germany, France, Italy, Britain and Canada — to work out a common response to the crash.

For many, the key is faster growth in West Germany and

That would keep the spending cuts and tax rises in the U.S. budget pact from slowing a sluggish global economy enough to set off a slump,

#### accords to restructure its debts. for earlier repayment if the comempo of debt debate rises Bankers said the company any's cash flow proved large LONDON EXCHANGE RATES ACAPULCO, Mexico (Agen-

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

1.3105/15 1.6532/39 1.8588/98 1.3548/58 34.60/63 5.6200/25 1219/1220

6.4350/4400 6.3800/50 One ounce of gold 487.25/75

warning to creditors that they are taking steps towards a lasting solution to the five-year debt U.S. dollars Canadian dollar West German marks Mexico, Panama, Peru, Uruguay Dutch guilders and Venezuela, in a document Swiss francs issued on Monday after a three-Belgian francs day summit, outlined a French francs framework for debt talks and ltalian lire

Japanese yen ress would provoke unilateral ac-Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns "Latin America has already Danish crowns transferred \$150 billion to the U.S. dollars countries of the North in the last five years, equivalent to two Mar-

shall plans." said Argentine Pres-ident Raul Alfonsin.

Latin finance ministers have been authorised to contact creditors on eight negotiating points aimed at reducing the debt service burden.

They include mechanisms that will allow debtors to benefit from the discounts of around 50 per cent now prevailing on the debt, a concept described as "capturing the discount.'

Uruguayan Foreign Minister Enrique Iglesias said that if banks are already valuing the debt at a discount, "it is not absurd for debiors to do so also.

New proposals include breaking the link between new commercial bank loans and agreements with the International Monetary Fund (1MF) and the World Bank.

This follows Brazil's current negotiations to reschedule its \$68 billion commercial bank debt without prior agreement with the IMF. Venezuela is the only country to have rescheduled witbout the IMF, and only because it was

not seeking new loans. Argentina, Brazil, Colombia. Another concept expressed formally by Latin America for the first time at a political level was to negotiate for a direct link between debt payments and access warned that failure to make progto creditor nations for debtor country exports.

President Alan Garcia of Peru pointed out that his country achieved eight per cent growth in 1986, which could be quantified as \$1.5 billion. But it owed \$1.4 billion in interest and in addition lost \$400 million from lower oil and coffee prices.

"So the net result was the growth was lost, and the impact would have been even greater if we had not fixed a limit on debt service." he said.

Since 1985, Peru bas set a limit on debt service of 10 per cent of export income. Solidarity was also expressed

indirectly with Brazil, the subject of trade reprisals from Washington because of alleged unfair prorection of its computer industry. The document commits the gov-

ernments to "act jointly to fight against unilateral decisions based on domestic laws or on policies of The document dealt carefully

with the question of interest

raies, financial sources said, in

that this was expressed only in the form of a guideline.

Debtors are to set interest rate limits, but in agreement between debtors and creditors, and no ceiling was specified. Nevertheless, President Alfon-

sin said: "We have agreed it is necessary to fix a limit around four per cent - it could be one point more or one point less depending on the circumstances of each country. President Garcia, describing

interest rates as a central theme of the talks, said: "We have recognised a moral principle, that no one should pay more than his capacity to do so. Colombia, owing \$13 billion, and the only major Latin Amer-

ican debtor not to have formally rescheduled, was a notable exception to the new determination Colombia issued its own communique after the meeting saying

it continues to respect the caseby-case approach although it endorses the coordination of regional policy on debt. In Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, the Organisation of African Unity

(OAU) chairman Monday appealed to industrialised nations to reconsider cancelling the debt on their \$200 billion in loans to Africa

"Either we find effective and lasting solutions to the debt crisis now or we will continue to wallow in abject mass poverty for a long time to come." said Zambian President Kenneth Kaunda.

### Ozal plans to raise prices, rules out debt rescheduling

ANKARA (R) - Prime Minister told Reuters. Turgut Ozal said after winning reelection on Monday that Turks could expect price rises, but he foreign debt or devalue the lira.

Aides of the prime minister and press reports have said the government plans austerity measures to cope with a big budget deficit, rising debts and an inflation rate now running above 40 per cent a year.

"If the papers say there will be price hikes, why should I make them unhappy?" Mr. Ozal asked reporters after his conservative Motherland Party returned to power after Sunday's election with an absolute parliamentary

He ruled out any rescheduling of Turkey's \$33.1 billion foreign debt or a devaluation of the Turkish lira. "We have a daily devaluation and everybody knows this. There will be no devaluation and no reschedul-

ing," he said. Central Bank Governor Rustu Saracoglu repudiated comments by a senior Motherland official about possible minor changes in the timing of Turkey's debt re-

payments. What is reported is not true. The government has no intentions whatsoever of rescheduling Turkish debt," Mr. Saracoglu

"We have been able to service our debt and we shall continue to do so in the foreseeable future. would not reschedule Turkey's The international community can expect a rationalisation of our international borrowing strategy and further economic reforms." he added.

Motherland Party Vice Chairman Bulent Akarcali said he was not responsible for economic policy and comments he made to Reuters on Sunday night about the debt had been unofficial.

He had said on Sunday: "Rescheduling is possible, minor foreign currency bottlenecks are possible... there may be small problems in timing of payment, but not necessarily.

He added: "This can happen even in a very rich country... if foreign credits are invested in productive areas. Turkey can manage much higher debts."

Turkey, with foreign debt repayments for this year estimated at \$5.1 billion, repaid \$3.49 billion hetween January and Au-

The free currency market reacted positively to Mr. Ozal's denial of a devaluation. The dollar rate fell 10 1,100 lira on Monday after reaching a high of 1,164 on Friday, a 20 per cent premium over the central bank

HARRIS

THE BETTER HALF,

#### Air Canada lays off staff

TORONTO (AP) — Air Canada began laying off pilots and flight attendants Tuesday as all operations ground to a halt because of a six-day-old strike by 8,500 mechanics, baggage handlers and other ground staff. The strike over inflation-protected pensions closed down Canada's major air carrier, which normally serves 30,000 passengers a day on 450 domestic and international flights. Contract talks between management and the International Association of Machinists and Aerospuce Workers broke down

Nov. 15 and no new talks were

planned. Federal Labour Minister Pierre Cadieux said he would appoint a mediator if the two sides agreed to resume negotiations, hut union leader, Mr. Ron until Air Canada agreed to some form of indexed pensions. The union, which staged a two-week strike in 1978, is demanding protected pensions. The Canadian Autoworkers' Union achieved a breakthrough this fall by winning Canada's first indexed retirement benefits for its members at General Motors. Ford and Chrys-

The ground staffers also want a 7.2 per cent wage increase in a one-year contract.

By Harris

ler plants in Ontario and Quebec.

## LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - Equities stood mixed but with a mostly firmer bias in late London trading and, as expected, showed no reaction to the early rise on Wall Street, dealers said.

supported by an early coordinated round of intervention by major central banks, but investors are still very worried over the future trend of the U.S. currency.

By 1512 GMT the FTSE 100 share index was up 8.9 points to

1,588.8, recovering modestly from Monday's sharp selling on dollar weakness. By 1500 GMT sbare volume was 292.8 million, well down on trading levels before the October sbare crash. Foreign exchange dealers say support for the dollar is likely to remain in place at least until Thursday. The Bundesbank will

make a decision then oo a possible cut in the West German However, underlying sentiment for the U.S. currency remains bearish while Congress discusses the recent \$76 billion budget deficit cutting package.

Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:

SIDES I GEO SAN BASKED EMSSTEEPEN NE GOAT HANGER AONE RANGE TOLL SCUL

Black birds Peron & Sa

Qom 54 Chin. prettx

Where to find

THE Daily Crossword by Peter Snow

syllable Luminary

41 Pilal base 42 Borge and Kierkegaan

DOWN 1 CallL city

MENTINE

#### **Peanuts**









#### Mutt'n' Jeff







#### **Andy Capp**

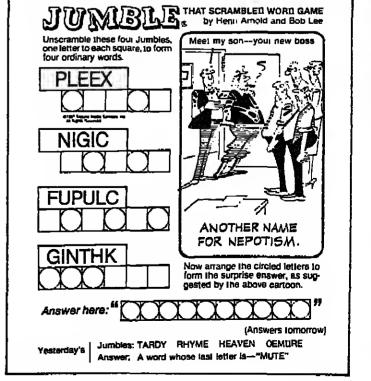








# "I got the idea from my secretary. She uses this stuff to cover up mistakes.'



# Horoscope not received

44 Certain prisoners 45 Shores 46 Oxilke br 47 Cede 48 Square column

44 Certain

7 Tyrani 8 Partially 9 Lineage 10 Seed covers 11 Spider neels 12 Eng. river 13 Edan dweller

Eden C 21 Brittle 22 Intone 25 Pile up 36 — Allghlart Occurring

31 Wild goose 32 Change

32 Change 33 Silly ones 35 Okla. city 36 Arab land 38 Est away 39 Perfect

60 Purport every 8th every 8th 61 Need 28 — do-well 62 Pot sweetener 29 Bearneise 63 Alde end Ladd 30 A Gardner

# Dhaka frees more detainees | Haiti military | More Philippine rebel in bid to open peace talks

DHAKA (R) — Bangladesh freed more detainees on Tuesday to try to start peace talks with the opposition proposed by President Hossain Mohammad

Abdul Matin said he had ordered the release of K.M. Obaidur Rahman, secretary-general of the Bangladesh Nationalist Party (BNP), and Zillur Rahman, ao

Awami League leader.
"As I said yesterday, we are really keen to establish a line of communication with the oppositison leaders so that we can start a meaningful dialogue," he said.

When four detained leaders were freed oo Monday, Mr. Matin said more would be released in phases to create an environment for talks.

A police official told reporters Jamaat E Islami leader Al Mujahidi and two more BNP leaders, retired Lieutenant Colonels Akbar Hossain and Oali Ahmed, were expected to be freed on

Tuesday evening. The leaders freed on Monday were former Speaker of Parliament Mirza Golam Hafiz, Awami League leader Abdul Mannan and BNP leaders Saidur Rahman

and Jahanara Begum. They were among nearly 5,000 political leaders and activists arrested in the past two months either for taking part in or inciting a national campaign to force

Gen. Ershad 10 resign. Gen. Ershad, who seized power in a hloodless military coup in March 1982 and restored civil rule in November last year,

Home (Interior) Minister hrushed aside demands for his resignation. He declared a state of emergency last Friday, which banned all anti-government pro-

> He said the move was essential as Bangladesh, one of the world's poorest nations, faced internal strife, insecurity, and economic

The government says each of the eight days of opposition-led stoppages since Nov. 10 cost Bangladesh \$50 millioo in lost

production and exports. In a national broadcast on Saturday, Gen. Ershad offered to hold talks with opposition parties, individually or jointly, to end the political impasse. If consensus was reached, he would hold new elections before the

scheduled 1991 date. Reliable sources said government emissaries had met Awami League Chief Sheikh Hasina and Bangladesh Nationalist Party Chairman Begum Khaleda Zia, both under house arrest, to convey Gen. Ershad's promise of a free and fair vote. No details

were available. Mr. Matin told a news briefing on Monday two people had beeo killed hy police since the proclamation of the emergency. He said foreign press reports that six or more had been shot dead were and a police outpost was set on fire. Over 200 people including

Under the emergency police hours of clashes.

placed the capital Dhaka and four key cities under intermittent

Dhaka's third period of curfew was lifted on Tuesday morning but police said it would be reimposed from 1800 p.m. (1200 GMT) to ensure continued

Police arrested about 70 suspected terrorists and curfew violators in Dhaka on Monday. Weapons seized included at least 10 home-made bombs hidden in lunch boxes.

According to reports reaching Agartala an Indian border town, six demnnstrators were shot dead by security forces in Bangladesh's port city of Chittagong in the past 24 hours.

The reports, if confirmed, would bring to 19 the death toll since President Ershad imposed a

state of emergency.
The reports, obtained from Bangladeshi sources within the country, said five demonstrators were killed by troops of the Bangladesh Rifles and police, who fired several times to break up massive anti-Ershad demonstrations in Chittagong.

The biggest demonstration was said to have been halted by security forces near the railway station after more than 6,000 protesters damaged installations and set a

control room on fire. The reports said violence broke out after a police baton-charge. Home-made bombs were hurled

Although the politburo's deci-

sion has not been made public,

the fact that Rust is still in

week," he said. some policemen were hurt in two A Reuter photographer, who on Sunday followed a carload of gunmen shooting at random as they sped from one polling station to another, said oearby sol-He was convicted on Sept. 4 of the Communist Party's policydiers did not intervene to stop making politburo discussed the plea at a meeting Nov. 26, Die

Another witness told Reuters she saw soldiers guiding the Macoutes on their path of vio-

reportedly

PORT-AU-PRINCE (R) - Evi-

dence is mounting that Haiti's military government, in a bid to

bold on to power, deliberately

failed to control the gunmen's

reign of terror which aborted

Political analysts, eyewitnes-

ses, at least one government

source and a leading presidential

candidate have come to this con-

clusion after bands of Tonton

Macontes, the disbanded secret

police of the ousted Duvalier

regime, went on the rampage

against voters, leaving 34 dead

Haiti's Provisional Electoral

Council postponed the first free

The military leader General

Henri Namphy's National Coun-

cil of Government (CNG)

announced that it had dismissed

the electoral council, and they

were reported in hiding on

"The army knew that if it did not

control the streets the elections would be a fiasco," said one

analyst, who asked not to be

One government source said

Gen. Namphy "has come to like

power and does not wish to give it

A Western diplomat told Reu-

"After all, they clamped down

ters he believed the army had the

resources to control the violence.

on the vigilantes earlier that

and 67 injured.

Monday.

identified.

elections io 30 years.

Sunday's general election.

allowed

violence

soldiers surrender

Philippine soldiers in hiding since an attempted coup in August

surrendered just before a Mon-

day midnight deadline, a senior

military intelligence source said

The source, who requested

anonymity, said the mutineers -

a major, a captain, two lieute-

nants and three sergeants -

turned themselves in to avoid

being expelled from the army.

Seven other officers, all key

figures in the bloody August

ceasefire proposals from U.S.-

backed contra rebels amid plans for a first round of peace talks in

Mr. Ortega said the rebel docu-

ment presented by Cardinal

Miguel Obando Y Bravo came in

response to an 11-point ceasefire

"We have to analyse it, we

have to look very closely at it,"

he told a news conference beld

with Peruvian President Alan

Garcia, who made a brief stopov-

er in Managua on his return from

a summit of eight Latin nations in

Mexico held over the weekend.

WARSAW (R) - In an event

unprecedented in Soviet Bloc his-

tory, the Polish government has

failed to win a national ballot on a

package of sweeping economic

Government spokesman Jerzy Urban said on Monday that only 44.28 per cent of 26.2 million

eligihle voters had answered

"yes" to a first referendum ques-

tion on approving an economic

recovery programme entailing

austerity and across-the-board

And only 46.29 per cent sup-ported a second query on

whether they wanted to liber-

alisation of Poland's political

According to rules established

government needed the support

eligible voters to win the re-

by the Sejm (parliament), the cite.

and political reforms.

price rises.

system.

Mr. Ortega said he agreed to a

plan issued by Nicaragua

the Dominican Republic.

Managua receives rebel

proposals, prepares for talks

MANAGUA (R) — Nicaraguan.

President Daniel Ortega has said his government had received nican Republic. He said he had

dinal.

proposal by Cardinal Obando Y gin mediating on Thursday.

Polish government defeated

at polls for the first time

on Tuesday.

MANILA (R) - Seven fugitive mutiny in which 53 people died,

on Monday.

traitors" stance.

gave themselves up over the weekend, the military announced

Political analysts said the sur-

renders reinforced military claims

that coup leader Col. Gregorio

"Gringo" Honasan had lost the

capacity to challenge President Corazon Aquino. Col. Honasan

remains in hiding but has hinted

he may surrender if Mrs. Aquino

relaxes her "no terms for

telephoned Dominican President

Joaquin Balaguer who had

Nicaragua's military intelli-gence chief Maj. Ricardo

Wheelock, meanwhile, told offi-

cial radio he had been chosen to

lead a government delegation to

the Dominican Republic. He

stressed he would not meet face-

to-face with the contras, receiving

all proposals through the car-

Maj. Wheelock did not specify

when the talks would begin. Car-

dinal Obando earlier told repor-

ters he would probably fly to the

Caribbean island republic to be-

ported by Mr. Urban was the

lowest since the Communists

took power in Poland after World

It was also the first time in

Soviet Bloc history that a govern-

ment failed to win overwhelming

support for an issue put to a

public vote. Turnouts and elec-

tion results usually run well above

duce anything, one way or the other," Lech Walesa, leader of

the hanned Solidarity union, told

"Poland is a divided country

and only true pluralism can unite

it." said Mr. Walesa, who had

urged Poles to ignore the plehis-

In an apparent face-saving

two thirds of those who weot to

the polls had backed the govern-

The referendum won't pro-

90 per cent.

offered "all facilities."

The government source, who knows Gen. Namphy personally, said: "It seems clear that the CNG has been seduced by two years in office and is very reluctant to relinquish it.

The source said he believed the general gave in to pressure from colleagues linked to the former Duvalier dictatorship to remain neutral rather than provide public order and security during the elections.

Haiti's most important neighbours, the United States and the Dominican Republic, responded strongly on Monday to the elec-

ferendum. A 67.2 per cent turnout re- ment's reform package.

The accused, recruited from refugee camps in Thailand or 200-man rebel force he was lead-

of more than 50 per cent of the effort, Mr. Urban stressed that

ing to set up bases in Vietnam's among exiles in third countries, central highlands, according to face execution if coovicted. All the indictment against his 18 are said to have confessed. alleged co-conspirators. Tight security surrounded the Minh's seven-year-old United trial of the I8, who looked gaunt National Front for the Liberation

and wore sandals and loose-fitof Vietnam (UNFLV) was guided ting shirts over well-worn slacks. by U.S. intelligence agencies and the Thai military, Mr. Pho said. Five judges presided. "Obviously, the U.S. imperial-

Hundreds of Vietnamese crowded Le Loi Square outside the municipal theatre, once the former South Vietnam's legislature, to hear parts of the proceedings broadcast over loudspeakers.

# Poll shows wide support for Jackson

NEW YORK (Agencies) — Jesse Jackson eojoys a large margin of support over his five rivals for the Democratic presidential nomination, although many voters remain sceptical about his abilities, according to a poll released

According to the CBS-News-New York Times survey, Rev. Jackson led with 25 per ceot, followed by Paul Simon with 10 per cent, Michael Dukakis with 9 per cent, Albert Gore with 6 per cent, Richard Gephardt with 5 per ceot and Bruce Babbitt with 1

per cent. Forty-four per cent of the respondents were either undecided or preferred another candidate.

Rev. Jackson's overall support ranged from 19 per cent in the west to 30 per cent in the south. None of the other candidates exceeded 13 per ceot outside his home region, the poll

Among black Democrats with a preference, Rev. Jackson, the only black candidate, received 62 per cent of the support. However, the poll said, he also got 13 per ceot of the white Democrats polled about the same as Mr. Simon and Mr. Dukakis and

appreciably more than Mr. Gephardt, Mr. Gore and Mr. Fifty eight per cent of the respondents said they did oot

dent. Tweoty-six per cent said he

were uneasy with Rev. Jackson's ability to deal wisely with a difficult international crisis. Twenty-two per cent said they were confident with his ability to deal with a

The poll was conducted among a nationwide random sample of 1,553 adults interviewed by telephone on Nov. 20-24. The margin of error was plus or mious 3

All 12 Democratic and Republican U.S. presidential candidates will vie for the spotlight on Tuesday night in the first televised débate to feature all conten-

"It's the first event that really counts in this campaign," said an adviser to one Democratic candidate who asked not to be identi-

The two-hour forum is the first 1988 campaign dehate broadcast by one of the three major com-

public broadcast system stations tic and Republican debates earlier this year.

But other strategists think voters may wind up confused by trying to digest 12 different poli-

noted that with interruptions for commercial breaks the candidates

"That's not much time for a breakthrough," she said. Major topics are likely to in-

budget deficits. The arms deal is opposed by The Democrats will get a

Republicans. Republican contenders Sen. Dole, Vice President George Bush, former Secretary of State Alexander Haig, and former Television Evangelist Pat Robertson are familiar to as many as 80 per cent of Americans. New York Representative Jack Kemp is also

Former Delaware Governor Pierre Du Pont is the only Republican with a major name rec-

# COLUMNS 768

#### Sir Rudolph Bing arrives in U.S.

NEW YORK (R) - Sir Rudolph Bing, the 85-year-old former impressario of the city's Metropolitan Opera now suffering from Alzheimer's Disease, has arrived in New York with his wife hut avoided a horde of reporters waiting for him at Kennedy Airport Airport sources said Bing and his wife, Lady Carroll, were allowed to leave by a side entrance to avoid their having to face reporters and discuss their controversial five-month stay in Britain, where they ran up hotel bills. Bing's assets of about \$900,000 were earlier frozen in the United States when he was declared legally incompetent after being diagnosed as suffering from Alzheimer's Disease, a condition characterised by failing memory. In June, a New York judge signed an order holding Bing's wife in contempt in June after she failed to appear in court and produce ber husband, who she married in January.

#### Cyprus suffers first AIDS death

LARNACA, Cyprus (R) - Cyprus has recorded its first AIDS death, a 26-year-old singer, medical sources said on Tuesday. They said Dina Constantinou was admitted to Larnaca Hospital on Monday in critical condition. She died later in the evening. Constantinou was diagnosed as suffering from AIDS in October last year while working as a singer at the Ayia Napa coastal resort on the eastern Mediterranean holiday island. She had been in and out of hospital since then. Twenty-three people in Cyprus are known to be carriers of the acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) virus, which destroys the body's immunity to diseases. Two other AIDS sufferers who were diagnosed in Cyprus live abroad, the sources said.

#### 'No smoked lizards in Indian jails'

NEW DELHI (R) - The Indian Home Ministry denied emphatically on Tuesday that prisoners in its jails smoked burnt lizards in earthern pipes. Junior Home Minister Chintamani Panigrahi gave a crisp "no sir," when the matter was raised during question hour in the Rajya Sabha (upper house of parliament). Indian villagers dry lizards over burning cow dung and crush the residue into powder which they say is a powerful intoxicant when smoked.

#### Common cold unit closes without a cure

LONDON (R) - After 40 years of paying people to get sick, a group of British medical researchers is giving up its quest for a cure for the common cold. For the past four decades the state-funded Medical Research Council (MCR) has given volunteers a two-week holiday at a former U.S. military hospital in the south west county of Wiltshire. The volunteers were paid a daily allowance and expenses for having a virus nr placebo dropped into their nostrils, but only about a third caught colds. Now the common cold unit, still without a cure, has announced it will close when its director retires in 1990, giving the MCR an annual saving of £500,000 (\$870,000) a year.

#### World's oldest mini sold for \$16,700

LONDON (R) — A two-door saloon car described as the world's oldest Mini was sold for £9,200 (\$16,700) at a London auction on Monday. The white Mini-Minor with an 848 CC engine was a test model produced before the revolutionary little car was launched in Britain in 1959. An anonymous buyer paid £1,000 (\$1,800) more than expected, a spokesman for Sotheby's auctioneers said. The pre-production model was one of three for the car which reached a peak of popularity in the 1960s.

#### First arson dog sniffs out fires

MERIDEN, Connecticut (AP) — Arson investigators in Connecticut have a unique tool for tracking down the sources of suspicious fires, but this "tool" has four legs, a tail and a wet nose. Mattie, a black lahrador retriever who loves to nuzzle strangers, is believed to be the country's first working arson dog, trained to sniff out the remains of liquid fuels or accelerants used to start arson fires, state and federal authorities say. Her nose is more sensitive than state-of-the-art electronic gadgets and she's absolutely fearless sniffing her way through smoldering rubble, said trooper Douglas Lancelot, a trainer at the State Police Canine Unit and one of Mattie's three handlers. "The scenes just don't upset her," Lancelot said in an interview at the state police compound while: putting Mattie through her paces. "I have worked fire scenes where (we) have been searching on the first floor while the firemen have been on the second and third floors fighting the fire, with water pouring down through the ceilings and things falling. She doesn't spook (become afraid easily), Lancelot said. The 3-year-old dog, with the department I 1/2 years, can sniff out minute traces of 17 different types of accelerant fluids, including kerosene, paint remover, transmission fluid and jet fuel, Lancelot said.

#### 986 AIDS virus carriers found in Japan

Alein, Arii

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TOKYO (AP) — Japan's Health and Welfare Ministry has said it has discovered 34 people infected by the deadly disease AIDS this vear and 986 others who have no symptoms but carry the AIDS virus. This hrought the oumber of AIDS sufferers in Japan to 59, including eight non-Japanese, since 1985, said a ministry official, speaking on condition of anonymity. Five cases among oon-Japanese were discovered this year, he added. The official said 33 people have died of AIDS, acquired immune deficiency syndrome, in Japan since the first case was diagnosed in March 1985. Of the carriers discovered between Feb. 1 and Oct. 31, the official said, 930 people acquired the virus through blood products, 25 through homosexual activities, 21 through heterosexual contacts and 10 from unknown causes. The official declined to say how many non-Japanese were among the virus carriers. In March, the Japanese government submitted to the diet (parliament) an AIDS prevention hill. The hill, still under discussion in the diet, calls for punishment for AIDS virus carriers if they provide false information to AIDS prevention authorities or reject health checks ordered by doctors in efforts to prevent the infection of others. The maximum penalty would be a fine of 100,000 yen (\$740).

#### Health programme targets lifestyle

MOSCOW (AP) - A government resolution outlines new health care measures aimed at changing lifestyles of the 272 million people in the Soviet Union, where 30 per cent of the citizens are overweight and 70 million smoke. The Soviet Union has the world's highest number of doctors per capita, but they are among the lowest-paid workers in the country. Medical care is entirely state-funded. hut the quality is far below that in developed Western countries. "For many years insufficient attention has been given to the forming of a healthy way of life," says the health care resolution issued by the Communist Party and the Soviet government. "More than two-thirds of the population do not go in systematically for sports activities, up to 30 per cent have extra weight and some 70 million people smoke." Few details were given, but the resolution said weight-loss clinics and programmes to help people quit smokiog would be expanded, beginning next year. The resolution was unusually frank in its disclosure of the scale of problems with ohesity and smoking. But a report carried by the Soviet News Agency TASS made no mention of health hazards related to alcohol abuse, which remains a major problem despite an official anti-drinking campaign launched in May 1985. Fighting the occurrence of illness will be the main thrust of the new programme, the resolution said.

### Report: Rust may be freed for Christmas

BONN, West Germany (AP) -Mathias Rust, the teen-age West violating Soviet air space and German pilot who landed his small plane on Moscow's Red Square, may he freed by Soviet authorities for Christmas, a West German newspaper said

Tuesday. Rust, 19, landed on Red Square on May 28 after flying unimpeded over a large section of Soviet territory from Finland. The flight shocked the securityconscious Soviet authorities and prompted a top-level reshuffle in the Soviet military.

SYDNEY (R) — Sir Joh Bjelke-Petersen resigned as Queensland premier on Tuesday, ending a

week of a political turmoil in

Australia's most conservative

Bielke-Petersen announced on

television that he had handed his

northern state after losing a rear-

guard action against his own

Queensland National Party which

dumped him as leader last

for Christmas.

Rust's Soviet lawyer sent an

lished newspaper Die Welt said "rumours" were growing in Moscow that Rust may be freed be-

Union, and was sentenced to four years in a labour camp. The conservative Bonn-pub-

international flight regulations

and of illegal entry to the Soviet

appeal to the Supreme Soviet for

fore the end of the year, possibly

a pardon of the young pilot and Rust may be freed soon.

**Oueensland premier resigns** free man," the 76-year-old veteran of Australian politics said.

last 20 years. I'm the only pre-mier who has four telephone numbers in the telephone book." The ever-approachable but unpredictably volatile Bielkeresignation to the governor of the Petersen had run Queensland virtually single-handed for the last 19 years, but had become a political liability since his bid to enter

Thursday. "I have no bitterness... I am a months ago.

#### **Author James Baldwin dies** NICE, France (R) - U.S. author

James Baldwin died in the south of France early on Tuesday at the age of 63, frieods of the writer His French publisher told Reu-

ters that Baldwin, who in his works portrayed the condition of fellow blacks in the United States, had been suffering for several months from stomach cancer. News of the death came via the

United States, where friends said they had received a call from his brother David in Baldwin's sprawling Mediterranean house

Baldwin had half his stomach removed earlier this year but was continuing work on a new novel in the converted Riviera farmhouse where he spent the last 20 years, his French publisher said. writing.

America's deep south to the

U.S. blacks fighting for civil

at first to follow his father's footback on the church and began

#### GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

Q.1-As South, vuinerable, you **♦AQJ63** ♥K1052 ♦9 **♦87**4 The bidding has proceeded: North East South West 10 Pass 1 🛊 Pass

Q.2-Both vulnerable, as South The bidding has proceeded: North East South West
1 4 1 7 2 0 Pass
3 4 3 7 ? What action do you take?

Q.3-Neither vulnerable, as South you hold: •AKQ1963 **0J982** The bidding has proceeded: North East South What do you hid now?

493 17 2 4 Pass 3 4 What do you bid now? What action do you take?

Q.5-Neither vulnerable, as South **♦AKQ52 ♥KJ6 ♦A83 <del>\$6</del>2** The bidding has proceeded: South West North East

What do you bld now? Q.6-As South, vulnerable, you **♦AQJ954 ♡9 ◇K103 ♣AQ8** The bidding has proceeded: South West North East

What do you bid now?

federal politics foundered six Born the son of a Baptist preacher, the frail, fiery writer

dedicated his life to the struggle

for racial equality in the United His first 1953 novel Go Tell It On the Mountain, viewed hy. many critics as his best, recounted the traumatic pilgrimage of a black family moving from

north. It was the first of many which hammered home the message of

Brought up in the destitute streets of Harlem he was forced steps and become a teenage preacher. But at the age of 19, on his father's death, he turned his

**WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ** 

Q.4-As South, vulnerable, you ♥AJ7 ♦82 ♣AKJ1063 The bidding has proceeded: East South West North

Pass 2 💠

#### Moscow's KGB prison Lefortovo... raises hopes and again gives room to speculations," Die Welt The newspaper said, however, that the West German emhassy in Moscow had no indications that Small group

of Cubans "I've never been free for the prevents end to Atlanta siege

ATLANTA (R) - A small group of militant Cuban inmates is preventing a settlement that would end the siege at the U.S. prison in Atlanta where 90 hostages are held and officials say they see oo

end to the standoff. U.S. Justice Department spokesman Pat Korten said on Monday a group of more than 100 Cuban prisoners, several con-victed of violent crimes, had blocked a number of agreemeots to end the siege, which began after a U.S.-Cuban accord was announced to deport "undesir-

ables" back to their homeland. tiating on behalf of the apparent majority (of prisoners) they

would probably be out by now." More than 1,000 Cuban inmates are holding 90 hostages in the Atlanta federal penitentiary. They freed four of their captives

Justice Department official see an end to the crisis in sight,

Korten said that the prisoners, hostages were clearly safe and in good health.

Prison authorities had been able to ascertain that the other 20 were also safe and healthy, he Mr. Steward said there were no

tend to be spontaneous. The inmates tend to ask for talks on the spur of the moment.

He said they had intimidated the majority of inmates into voting down agreements, incloding one on Thursday to release 50 hostages in return for being allowed to hold a news conference.

# Vietnam tries 18 captured guerrillas

HO CHI MINH CITY (R) - August with more than half the Americans and Thais backed a failed attempt by Vietnamese exiles to overthrow the Communist government, prosecutor Pham Pho told a court hearing a treason

trial oo Tuesday. He accused deceased Rear Admiral Hoang Co Minh of the former South Vietnamese government and 18 captured guerrillas of high treasoo and banditry for planning resistance meant to

lead to a popular uprising io Vietnam by 1992.

Minh, 52, was killed in Laos in

"Had it been up to those nego-

on Sunday. Tom Steward, asked if he could

said: "No." at the request of the authorities. had videotaped the hostages and the videotape showed 70 of the

plans for further talks between FBI hostage negotiators and inmates, hut added: "These things

Korten described the minority group as "hard case criminals" and said they numbered "about 100, maybe more."

> believe Rev. Jacksoo has enough experience to be a good presi-

ists were the mastermind, inciter

and supporter of Hoang Co Minh and his followers." Mr. Pho told

has eoough experience.
Also, 64 per cent said they

percentage points.

ders from both parties.

mercial networks — NBC.

He said NBC commands a much larger audience than the that televised separate Democra-

tical philosophies at once.

"The likelihood of distingthe Republican race with Sen.

not good," said Mari Maseng, a spokesman for Senate Republican leader Robert Dole. She will actually speak for less than 10

minutes each. clude the nuclear arms pact to be signed by President Reagan and Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev at next week's summit and U.S.

four of the six Republicans, but supported by all six Democrats. chance to erase their image as political figures lacking the stature to be president because voters will be able to compare them directly with the better-known

better known than any of the Democrats besides Rev. Jackson.

ognition problem.

uishing oneself in that chaos is Dole rated his top challenger.